1	TN THE INTER CHARGO DIGERTON COURT	
1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA	
2	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	
3	Plaintiff,	
4	vs. CRI	MINAL ACTION NUMBER: 1:17CR51
5	JAMES L. LAURITA, JR.	
6	Defendant.	
7	TRIAL - DAY 3	
8		
9	Proceedings had in the <u>Trial</u> of the above styled action on January 31, 2018 before The Honorable Irene M. Keeley,	
10		
11	Senior Judge, at Clarksburg, West Virginia.	
12	APPEARANCES:	
13	RANI	DD J. DOUGLAS, ESQUIRE DOLPH J. BERNARD, ESQUIRE Stant United States Attorney
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21	The defendant was present in person.	
22	Proceedings recorded by stenomask, transcript produced by	
23	official court reporter.	
24		
25		

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# PROCEEDINGS

(01-31-2018, 9:00 o'clock a.m., defendant present)

THE COURT: Good morning. I'm advised that all the jurors have arrived. I think before we bring them in it's appropriate to hear any motions that the parties may wish to bring.

MR. CARR: Yes, Your Honor. Upon the close of the Government's case, the defendant does make a general motion under Rule 29 for a directed verdict. I do not believe that a rational jury can find the defendant guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. The Government has not presented sufficient evidence of all elements and especially the element of willfulness.

THE COURT: All right. Government?

MR. DOUGLAS: Your Honor, the Government argues that the evidence is sufficient to sustain a conviction under Rule 29 when taken in the light most favorable to the Government.

Your Honor, first of all, starting with the conduit contribution charges which is sort of the heart of the case, Counts Two and Three, I conceptualize these in conduct evidence and intent evidence.

Starting with the conduct evidence, there is sufficient evidence that the defendant caused conduit contributions.

The executives identified the defendant as the originator

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and leader of the contribution program. The executives testified that they made all these contributions because the defendant asked them to do so and they would not have contributed without the defendant's request. The executives identified Mepco and/or the defendant as the source of the funding for the contributions through advancements and the reimbursements. The executives testified that they would not have contributed without this funding. The executives denied that this second bonus was compensation to them and in fact one of the executives testified that when he stopped receiving the second bonus he did not complain because quote "it wasn't my money" and of course regarding the conduct there's also the bank records, e-mails and the Hughes and Crane spread sheets showing the mechanics of the program.

Now, Your Honor, with regard to intent. First of all there is sufficient evidence for the jury to conclude that the defendant knew about the individual contribution limits. In 2010 there's evidence that Bill Raney told the defendant in an e-mail what the limits were and, Your Honor, I have exhibit numbers ready if the Court requests any.

In 2010 the defendant himself told someone at Allegheny Energy what the individual limits were.

Between 2010 and 2013 we've seen that the defendant received and approved numerous fundraiser invitations which specified the individual limits.

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In addition, we've seen evidence that the defendant completed contribution forms for his own contributions which specified the limits.

We have heard evidence and seen evidence that the defendant asked the executives to contribute in amounts which equaled the limits and the jury could conclude that simply the use of his employees to contribute shows knowledge of the limits and how he was limited.

Moving on to evidence of the defendant's knowledge of the prohibition against conduit contributions. First of all, Your Honor, there is in evidence a contribution form completed by the defendant for the Tom Smith campaign and it includes a box checked and a signature and it says in part, please check here to confirm that no one has advanced you funds for the purpose of making this contribution and that no one will reimburse you for it.

In addition there are numerous Critz--Mark Critz fundraiser invitations back and forth in e-mail correspondence between the defendant and others over nearly the entirety of the program 2010, 2011 and 2012 at least and these weren't just junk mail. He was hosting these invi--these fundraisers. He was approving the drafting of these fundraisers and those invitations to Mark Critz fundraisers included language that quote "contributions must be made from your own funds and funds cannot be provided to

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you by another person or entity for the purpose of making this contribution".

And then finally with regard to the prohibition against conduit contributions and his knowledge of that prohibition, the jury could conclude in the light most favorable to the Government that the defendant sought to contain information about the program. It's undisputed that the payments that funded these contributions were listed in payroll records as a bonus when the jury could conclude that it was not a bonus based on all eight executives indicating that it was not compensation. There's evidence that the defendant did not ensure that any Mepco business record accurately recorded the true purpose of the payments as funding political donations, especially during a time when there was heavy oversight concerning Mepco's finances.

In addition we heard testimony from Karen Hughes about two rules, she called them, that she was given from the defendant. One was to not talk with anyone outside the program about the program. Another was to ask, not tell. The jury could conclude, based on the fact that the defendant was all the eight executives' boss. He hired them. He promoted them. That these weren't truly asks when they were coming from him.

Finally, on this issue, there is evidence that the defendant did not seek legal counsel of Louis Southworth on

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the legality of the program, even though he had sought his counsel on other campaign finance issues. The jury could conclude, in the light most favorable to the Government, that means he already knew it was illegal.

Moving on to Count Four, the excessive contributions charge. Based upon the conduit contribution evidence just outlined, the jury could conclude that the twenty-eight thousand six hundred dollars in contributions made in the names of the executives to the McKinley campaign in 2013 were attributable to the defendant as indirect contributions from him and thus were in excess of his individual limitation.

Finally, Your Honor, the false statement charges, Counts One, Six, Seven and Eight. Based upon the conduit contribution evidence, the jury could find that the defendant caused the FEC reports to be false as to a material fact, specifically the true force of the contributions made in the names of the executives.

There is evidence that the defendant was aware that donation information was reported regularly to the FEC, including the name of the contributor and the amount of the contribution.

In 2010 Bill Raney told the defendant about reporting. He indicated it is reported in the appropriate cycle for the individual elections. In 2010, at the beginning and

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inception of this program, campaigns mentioned these reports to the defendant in e-mails including quote "the way the last FEC report ended after your fundraiser, we needed to record the event at Mepco in this report. Please let me know the amount and the name of the person.

There is evidence from which the jury could conclude that the defendant was aware that the reports contained false statements because the defendant knew about the mechanics of the program, including its funding from Mepco and he knew that the campaigns believed he was lawfully raising the contributions which was false.

And one last matter with regard to venue, there has been evidence—first of all we're dealing with 18 U.S.C. Section 2 and the causing theory, that the defendant, as the originator and controller of this program, was causing all these things to happen, causing all these offenses and those actions originated in Monongalia County where Mepco has its main offices, where Karen Hughes has her main office from which she was sending the e-mails and many other acts that the Court has heard occurred in Mon County within the Northern District of West Virginia.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Mr. Carr, did you wish to reply to any of that?

MR. CARR: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. The Court has

heard argument on the Rule 29 motion and concludes that when the evidence is viewed in the light most favorable to the Government for the reasons argued by Government counsel the—all of the counts in the Indictment will go to the jury. There is sufficient evidence to carry the case to the jury. The Court denies the motion.

Are we finished and ready to go?

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MR. DOUGLAS: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Carr, because when the jury comes back the defendant will have the opportunity to put on a case in chief, can you advise me at this time whether the defendant intends to do so and if so who will the first witness be?

MR. CARR: Your Honor, yes we do intend to do so and the first witness will be Mr. Laurita.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Laurita, as a defendant, if you intend to testify I need to advise you as follows. Because you are the defendant in this case you are presumed to be innocent of all the charges and the burden remains on the Government at all times to prove each and every element of each charge against you beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Further more, while you have--certainly have the right to testify, you're under no

right to testify because, as I instructed the jury 1 2. preliminarily, you have -- you do not bear the burden of 3 proof. You have no obligation to prove anything. It's the 4 burden of the Government to prove it. Do you understand 5 that? 6 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: All right. Now have you had the 8 opportunity to meet with your attorneys and to discuss these 9 rights? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes I have. 11 THE COURT: All right. And have you, of your own 12 free will and with knowledge of your rights and of the 13 potential consequences, made a decision to take the stand 14 and to waive your right to remain silent and to testify? 15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes I have, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: All right. Do you have any concerns at 17 all that you're being harassed or pushed or in any way 18 having your will overborne in making this decision? THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am, not so ever. 19 20 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. You feel fully 2.1 informed? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. 23 THE COURT: Thank you. You may be seated. 24 Counsel, is there anything else we need to take up before I 25 bring the jury in?

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                MR. DOUGLAS: No, Your Honor.
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               MR. CARR: No, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: All right. Thank you. We can bring
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       the jury in.
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           (Jury in 9:13 a.m.)
                THE COURT: Good morning, Ladies and Gentlemen,
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 7
       welcome back. I certainly hope your travels this morning
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       were not as challenging as yesterday morning and we
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       appreciate your--your timeliness.
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           As you may recall yesterday the Government rested its
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       case in chief and I advised you that when you returned this
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      morning the defendant, although under no obligation
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      whatsoever to put on any evidence, would have an opportunity
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      to do so should he choose so I will turn to one of the
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      defendant's attorneys, Mr. Carr, and ask if the defendant
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       intends to put on a case in chief?
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                MR. CARR: We do, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: All right. You may do so at this time.
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                MR. CARR: Your Honor, at this time the defense
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       calls James L. Laurita, Jr.
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                THE COURT: All right. Mr. Laurita, would you
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      please approach the Clerk who will administer the oath to
23
      you before you take the witness stand.
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                THE CLERK: Thank you. Please have a seat in the
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      witness stand. The witness is James L. Laurita, Jr.
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- 1 L-a-u-r-i-t-a.
- THE COURT: Mr. Laurita, you've heard me tell the
- 3 other witnesses to speak in a loud, clear voice and that you
- 4 move the microphone, adjust it to your needs. Mr. Carr, you
- 5 may proceed.
- 6 MR. CARR: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 7 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 8 BY MR. CARR:
- 9 Q. Jim, did you consider the money that was given to the
- campaigns by your executive team to be your individual money
- or Mepco money?
- 12 A. It was their individual money.
- 13 Q. Why did you think that?
- 14 A. They had all agreed. We discussed the concept. They
- 15 had all agreed that they wanted to do this and thought it
- 16 was the right thing to do, so based on those principles they
- were agreeable to the program so based on those principles
- 18 | it was their money at that point.
- 19 Q. To your knowledge did any of the execs have any other
- 20 source of income--significant source of income other than
- 21 the funds they received from Mepco?
- 22 A. Not to my knowledge, no.
- Q. Jim, during the time that the program, as it has come to
- 24 be referred to in court--during the time period in which the
- 25 program was in existence, did you ever have any concerns

- 1 whatsoever with the legality of the program?
- 2 A. No. None. Not whatsoever.
- 3 Q. Jim, how long have you been involved in the coal
- 4 industry?
- 5 A. My whole life.
- 6 Q. Were your parents in the coal business?
- 7 A. Yes they were.
- 8 Q. Did you work in the mines as a kid?
- 9 A. Yes. I pretty much grew up around the mines. My dad
- 10 started taking me to the mines when I was very young
- 11 man--not a young man. Shoot. It was probably--I grew up
- 12 there essentially when I was a kid and so I spent a lot of
- 13 time on weekends going out with my dad to the mines and
- 14 particularly in the summers. I spent the summers working at
- the mines as a child and as a young adult.
- 16 O. Where were the mines?
- 17 A. The mines were in the Maidsville, West Virginia area
- which is about six miles north of Morgantown.
- 19 Q. What type of work did you do in the mine?
- 20 A. Well my dad had me starting out, with my brother as
- 21 | well. We did odd jobs around the mines, cleaning up, that
- 22 | sort of thing and one of the things that he had taught us to
- do was pick slate off the belt. Coal would come out of the
- 24 mine on a conveyor belt and it would have rock within the
- coal and so we were given a slate picker's job where we

- 1 | would pick rock out of the coal as it came out of the mine
- 2 and so that's one of the things we did during the
- 3 summertimes especially when we were much younger.
- 4 Q. Did you go to college?
- 5 A. Yes, I did.
- 6 Q. Where at?
- 7 A. I went to West Virginia University, Mining Engineering
- 8 Program there.
- 9 Q. Did you get a degree?
- 10 A. Yes. I got a Mining Engineering Degree.
- 11 Q. After you graduated, did you return to the family
- 12 business?
- 13 A. Yes I did. I--basically--I worked underground for four
- 14 | years while I was going to college. I had, you know, worked
- 15 up--increasing basically skills at the mines my dad would
- 16 | teach us and then I worked underground for four years and
- 17 that gave me a really good leg up on trying to understand
- 18 | mining application, that sort of thing and so once I got out
- of college my dad wanted me to be the company mining
- 20 engineer so I became the company mining engineer as soon as
- 21 I graduated.
- 22 Q. Did you continue to work your way up, so to speak,
- 23 through the company?
- 24 A. Yes I did. Probably over, you know, a fifteen year
- 25 period, gained increasing responsibilities in production,

- 1 sales, that sort of thing, manage preparation plant, modify
- 2 preparation plant, just increasing--all aspects. It was a
- 3 small company so you learn basically all aspects of the
- 4 business and my dad gave me increasing responsibilities
- 5 as—the older I got.
- 6 Q. Jim, during the trial we have obviously heard of the
- 7 company Mepco. Could you please tell the jury how that came
- 8 to be formed?
- 9 A. In--around 1987 time frame--I am not sure of the exact
- 10 | year, my father had purchased a mine. It was called the
- 11 Sierra Mine. It was an underground mine and he was going to
- 12 hire a contractor to contract mine that mine and I asked my
- father if--if I could be the contractor and he considered it
- 14 and he said yes. He said, however, I want you to have your
- 15 sister and brother go in with you and I said that's fine,
- 16 | yeah. So we formed Mepco at that time and we were a
- 17 | contract miner for my father.
- 18 Q. What position did you hold there?
- 19 A. I was the Mine Superintendent and I continued to stay on
- 20 kind of part time working for my father as well as the
- 21 company engineer.
- 22 Q. Did there come a time when Mepco was approached by the
- 23 investors for a company called GenPower?
- 24 A. Yes. In about 2001 a company named GenPower, which is a
- 25 | power plant developer, approached us. They were going to

- build a coal fired power plant in the Maidsville area and
- 2 wanted to have Mepco to be considered as the coal suppler
- 3 | for that coal fired power plant.
- 4 Q. How close was that power plant going to be to Mepco?
- 5 A. Essentially adjacent to it.
- Q. Was there something that GenPower wanted in order to
- 7 guarantee--the investors for GenPower wanted in order to
- 8 guarantee that investment?
- 9 A. Yes. After we had, you know, spent some time with them
- 10 and they had--they had started permitting the project,
- 11 putting all the pieces together for the project, and once
- 12 they had all those pieces together and they were going out
- for financing, one of the investors that was going to invest
- 14 money in the power plant said that -- that essentially they
- weren't going to invest the money in the power plant unless
- 16 they had a guaranteed fuel supply and so--and by that what
- 17 they meant is they wanted to own Mepco. They wanted
- assurance before they put the money down in a power plant
- 19 that they owned Mepco and so they approached us and said in
- 20 order for this to go through they have to buy Mepco and the
- 21 family chose at that time to--to sell the company.
- Q. What year was that?
- 23 A. That was in 2007.
- Q. How much was it going to cost, to your knowledge, to
- 25 | build Longview?

- 1 A. Longview was going to be about a two billion dollar
- 2 power plant project.
- 3 Q. Were you involved in the West Virginia Coal Association
- 4 at this time?
- 5 A. Yes, I was.
- 6 Q. And exactly what is that organization?
- 7 A. The West Virginia Coal Association is an association
- 8 that represents mining companies and suppliers for mining
- 9 companies throughout the state.
- 10 Q. How would you describe the level of your political
- 11 activity before 2008?
- 12 A. Almost nonexistent. Very little.
- 13 Q. Did you make campaign contributions?
- 14 A. Probably some, but it would've been very little.
- 15 Q. Did you host fundraisers?
- 16 A. No.
- 17 Q. Any particular reason why?
- 18 A. Didn't see the need to. Wasn't interested.
- 19 Q. Did that--rephrase that. Do you recall the election of
- 20 2008?
- 21 A. Yes, I do.
- 22 Q. Did you contribute to either Barack Obama or John
- 23 McCain?
- 24 A. No I did not.
- Q. Did you campaign for them?

- 1 A. No I did not.
- 2 Q. Did you--did you perceive the coal industry having any
- 3 | concerns with the candidates?
- 4 A. There was some concern because Barack Obama had said on
- 5 a few occasions that if he became president he was going to
- 6 bankrupt the coal industry. There was some concern over
- 7 that but most of us, including me, didn't--didn't think much
- 8 of it, didn't think, you know, how a president on his own
- 9 | would be able to destroy an industry so we really weren't
- 10 that concerned about it.
- 11 Q. Did that change after the election?
- 12 A. Very much so.
- 13 Q. Why?
- 14 A. Within days or a week or two, I don't remember; it was a
- 15 | very short time after he took office, he formed essentially
- 16 | new management in the EPA and they revoked the largest and
- 17 | newest, most modern surface mine permit in the state history
- of West Virginia. It was called the Spruce Fork Permit and
- 19 | it was unprecedented. No one had ever seen a federal
- 20 government rescind a mining permit.
- 21 Q. Did other concerns develop?
- 22 A. Yeah. Right on the heels of that a bill was introduced
- 23 into Congress. It was called the--I believe it was the
- 24 Markey Waxman bill. Essentially it was going to put new
- 25 | emissions limits on all coal fired generation that in

- essence would just kill the industry. The power plants
  weren't going to be able to comply and even Longview Power
- 3 Plant, a brand new, modern power plant, which would be like
- 4 a Nissan compared to the 57 Chevys that were out there, it
- was efficient, modern, almost no emissions. By the time it
- 6 was constructed, within a few years afterwards, it wouldn't
- 7 have been able to comply with these new requirements so
- 8 Longview would've--it would not have been able to comply
- 9 | right after it was constructed.
- 10 Q. What would that mean for Mepco?
- 11 A. It would have been the end of Mepco. If Longview didn't
- 12 run, Mepco wasn't going to be able to run.
- 13 Q. We have heard about a meeting with the execs that
- 14 | you--the executive team that you had in March of 2010. Did
- 15 | that meeting happen?
- 16 A. Yes, sir, it did.
- 17 Q. What prompted that meeting?
- 18 A. Several things. Just the--what we were seeing as the
- onslaught on the industry and the--we needed basically--the
- 20 elected officials or people that are campaigning, needing
- 21 support that they basically will come back, some of the
- 22 things that we were seeing in Washington and needed their
- 23 support. The Coal Association was promoting it, that
- 24 executive teams get more active and the CEO of GenPower and
- 25 | the CEO of Longview and was the Chairman of Mepco's board,

which he was essentially my boss, had met at very early March, first part of March and basically asked all the executive teams of Longview, of GenPower and Mepco to get more politically active. So based upon all those, thought about it. I approached my management team; had a meeting and I said this is what we're facing. We're facing an onslaught like we've never seen before in this industry and is this the right thing to do? Should we get involved politically? Is this the right thing to do and do you guys agree with that? And the consensus coming away from that meeting is, yes, that's the right thing to do. We need to do it and so we started.

- Q. You mentioned the executives of GenPower and Longview, did they tell you how to become more politically active?
- A. No they did not.

- Q. What was the relationship between the executive team amongst each other and you as the president? How did the team operate?
  - A. We operated a true team. I spent probably nine months with each one of them before I hired them. We spent a lot of time putting together a very good team. I mean it was the best executive team I had ever seen. Cared about each other. Supported each other and we--I did not rule with an iron fist. They were not bobble heads. We came together as a team. Did we have differences? Yeah, we had differences

- but at the end of the day we agreed as a team and we managed
- 2 as a team. We were--we were essentially friends as well,
- 3 became very close friends.
- 4 Q. As you were putting this together did you decide to do
- 5 something regarding their compensation?
- 6 A. Yes I did.
- 7 O. And what was that?
- 8 A. Well I managed the team--we were--2010, 2009 were
- 9 difficult years.
- 10 Q. Was Longview behind schedule?
- 11 A. Yes. Yes. Longview was behind schedule. It was a year
- 12 | behind schedule. Their anticipated--they had
- a--a-essentially a fixed component to their salary and then
- 14 they had a variable component based upon sales and
- 15 production. Longview was way behind and so that slowed down
- Mepco's ramp up and growth so their compensation was behind.
- 17 They were way under their peer group of those with similar
- jobs and similar responsibilities in the industry and so for
- 19 them to become more politically active, I needed to raise
- 20 their compensation package so they could do that.
- 21 Q. How did you decide to do that?
- 22 A. I chose the issue, what's called a discretionary bonus.
- 23 Q. Why did you do that as opposed to increase their
- 24 salaries—their base salaries?
- 25 A. GenPower had--the investors in GenPower, Longview and

- Mepco had the companies for sale. They were actively
  discussing sale of the companies to two different companies
- 3 at the time and it's a big no-no to start adjusting
- 4 executive teams base salaries during a time when you're
- 5 trying to sell a company. That's very much frowned upon.
- 6 That's a big no-no. You don't do that sort of thing and so
- 7 I chose to give a discretionary bonus instead of raising
- 8 their base compensation.
- 9 Q. How soon was it expected that Mepco would be sold?
- 10 A. We were expecting to be sold within a year.
- 11 Q. Would and increase in the base salary be viewed as
- 12 temporary or permanent?
- 13 A. A base salary would be viewed as a buyer as a permanent
- 14 because if a new buyer came in and the base salaries were
- much higher and they wanted a completely different
- 16 | compensation program with metrics, and that's typical. In
- 17 executive they have metrics. They have various levels of
- 18 | compensation and so if you raise their base salary much
- 19 higher and then a new buyer comes in and says well I don't
- 20 | like that base salary. I'm going to lower that base salary,
- 21 that would've caused a lot of friction and a lot of upset,
- 22 hurt feelings within the management teams if you try to take
- 23 that away so we tried to avoid that.
- Q. Did you task, as we have heard, Karen Hughes with in
- 25 essence keeping track?

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1 A. Yes, I did.

- 2 Q. What instructions did you give her?
- 3 A. Just basically told Karen that, you know, to issue the
- 4 bonus and we want to be assured that they didn't get hurt
- 5 and by that I meant that their bonus was well above anything
- 6 that they were going to be spending on campaign
- 7 contributions. I didn't want them to get hurt.
- 8 Q. Was it supposed to be a one-for-one?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. And were the payments--the bonus payments--how did you
- 11 envision those being paid, after every contribution, in
- 12 bulk, what was the plan, if there was one?
- 13 A. It definitely wasn't one-for-one. Was going to issue a
- 14 bonus so they could afford to be able to give and it was
- going to be a large bonus so it gives them the ability
- 16 | financially they could afford to give and then it was also
- grossed up for taxes and they also got 401(k) compensation
- 18 on that, so they got an extra five percent that went into
- 19 | their 401(k).
- 20 Q. To your knowledge was that placed into the payroll
- 21 system just like all other compensation of the execs?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. And did you understand that it was called a bonus
- 24 | because that was the only way to put it in the payroll
- 25 system?

- 1 A. To the best of my knowledge, yes.
- 2 Q. Did you tell Karen Hughes anything about whether
- 3 communications regarding a particular candidate or an amount
- 4 was supposed to be mandatory or not?
- 5 A. I gave her instructions that I did not want anybody to
- 6 | feel like anything was mandatory or feel like they were
- 7 uncomfortable with it so--and in particular we had
- 8 discussions, debates from time to time on particular
- 9 candidates where some had, you know, would prefer one
- 10 candidate over another. So I didn't want anybody to feel
- 11 uncomfortable with any request so I said make sure that
- 12 | nothing is demanded because that's not the way this is going
- 13 to work and stuff so it has to be voluntary and everybody
- 14 had to be open and agreeable to that.
- 15 Q. Where did you normally get the candidates that you
- recommended donations to give to? Where did you identify
- 17 | them? Who--
- 18 A. We were a member--Mepco was a member of the West
- 19 Virginia Coal Association which we talked about a few
- 20 minutes ago, but also is a member of the Pennsylvania Coal
- 21 Association. Pennsylvania Coal--because Mepco had mines in
- Pennsylvania and West Virginia both and so we relied upon
- 23 them to give us guidance on who to give, who to support and
- 24 | who not to support, who were the friends of the industry so
- 25 to speak so we relied heavily on the Pennsylvania and West

- 1 Virginia Coal Association for that.
- 2 Q. You mentioned that at times there were disagreements
- 3 between the executives as to a particular candidate. Do you
- 4 remember an example?
- 5 A. Yeah. Yeah. There was a lot of debate during the 2010
- 6 race for the general election. Mike Oliverio was running
- 7 against David McKinley; David McKinley being a Republican
- 8 and Mike Oliverio being a Democrat. Mike Oliverio was a
- 9 State Senator for many years, a staunch advocate of the coal
- 10 industry and the West Virginia Coal Association wanted to
- 11 back him. They knew of David McKinley but not that well and
- 12 | so the Coal Association made their endorsement,
- 13 recommendation to back Mike Oliverio and a couple of the
- 14 execs, particularly Eric Grimm and Brian Osborn, didn't
- 15 agree with that. They thought that we ought to support
- David McKinley instead and I said, you know, they're both
- 17 great candidates, do what you think is best. Support who
- 18 you want to support.
- 19 Q. Do you know who they eventually gave to?
- 20 A. To the best of my knowledge they gave to--to McKinley.
- 21 They may have given some to Oliverio. I don't know. I just
- left it up to them at that point.
- Q. Are you aware that Government Exhibit 52, the
- 24 | spreadsheet that Karen was keeping indicates that during
- 25 | that time period 2010 Gary Grimm did not give a donation to

- 1 Mike Oliverio?
- 2 A. I just don't remember. What I told you is what I
- 3 remember so I don't know any specifics of what--I just don't
- 4 remember any specifics.
- 5 Q. By the way did you know Karen was keeping a spreadsheet?
- 6 A. No I did not.
- 7 Q. You mentioned disagreements and discussions amongst the
- 8 executive team, Jim. Did you ever consider or to your
- 9 knowledge give any perception to any member of the executive
- 10 | team that there would be any retribution whatsoever if they
- 11 | chose not to participate?
- 12 A. Absolutely not. I didn't manage that way.
- 13 Q. At any time did any member of the management team give
- 14 | you any indication at all that they considered there was
- anything wrong with the program or that they did not want to
- 16 participate?
- 17 A. Never. Not once.
- 18 MR. CARR: May I approach, Your Honor?
- 19 THE COURT: You may.
- 20 BY MR. CARR:
- 21 Q. Jim I'm showing you what has been marked and admitted as
- Defendant's Exhibit A. Can you read that?
- 23 A. Do you want me to read it out loud?
- 24 Q. You don't have to read it out loud, but can you see it?
- 25 A. Yes, I can see it on the screen.

- 1 Q. And this was--Karen Hughes has told us about this
- document. It says the yellow highlights are those donations
- I have not yet received from you. If you intend to make
- 4 those donations, please fill in the amount and return to me.
- 5 And then asks, are you and Lory both making a fourteen
- 6 hundred dollar donation to McKinley. Did you--and care may
- 7 not be the right word but you can insert your own, about
- 8 whether the executives followed all of the suggested
- 9 donations that were given to them?
- 10 A. No. I mean we operate as a team and they were relying
- 11 upon me to make suggestions. If they wanted to do something
- 12 else, they're free to do so.
- 13 Q. Did you instruct Karen to ensure that all of these
- 14 donations were made?
- 15 A. I told her that we don't want to force anything on
- anybody or make anybody feel uncomfortable so, no, I
- 17 | never--I never pushed her or pushed anybody.
- 18 Q. Do you recall her even telling you that donations had
- 19 | not been made?
- 20 A. No.
- MR. CARR: Retrieving Defendant's Exhibit A.
- 22 BY MR. CARR:
- 23 Q. Jim, did you give Karen any instructions regarding
- 24 discussing the additional bonus outside the executive team?
- 25 A. I'm sorry. Could you ask that question again?

- 1 Q. I apologize. I was walking in and out of the mic. Did
- 2 you give Karen any instructions regarding talking about the
- 3 | second bonus, as it's come to be called, outside of the
- 4 executive team?
- 5 A. Just told her like all compensation, all bonuses, that
- 6 | we don't want to be broadcasting any kind of bonuses, so we
- 7 keep all the bonuses with respect to the management team,
- 8 | confidential.
- 9 Q. Does that include their base salaries?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Does it surprise you that Suzanne Crane said that she
- didn't even know, even though she was your personal
- assistant--executive assistant, I should say, what the--what
- 14 your salary was or the executive team salary?
- 15 A. No, she wouldn't no.
- 16 Q. Was that information kept pretty tight?
- 17 A. Yes. Yes it was.
- 18 Q. Did you ever make any effort to hide what the second
- 19 bonus was for?
- 20 A. No. No. None whatsoever.
- 21 Q. Did you ever instruct anyone to deny its existence?
- 22 A. No I did not.
- Q. During this time period between 2010 and 2013, Jim, how
- 24 | would you characterize the contact you had with campaigns?
- 25 A. Well it was--it was increasing as time went on to some

#### Laurita - Direct

extent. Beforehand--before we started getting involved and giving contributions it was virtually no contact but after we started giving contributions, you know, we started having more and more contact and we wanted to--we wanted to contact them. We wanted to have a voice. It was a war on coal. was an onslaught like we had never seen before and it came quickly and the candidates didn't even understand it. were having a hard time grasping and understanding it and so we wanted to spend a lot of time with them, educating them on the issues and so I encouraged the management team, encouraged a lot of people in permitting, engineering, to try to spend as much time with the candidates as possible to try to educate them as we were learning. It was a dynamic situation and so we spent as much time as we possibly can and I encouraged them to do that to educate them as to the obstacles and the challenges that we were facing at the time.

- Q. Did you come to understand that the campaigns were keeping track of both you and the executive teams donations?
- A. I come to learn that over time, yes.
- 21 Q. Did that surprise you?

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A. I guess initially, yes, but it became common that they would ping us if they wanted us to give the max, everybody the max all the time and so, you know, we got--frequently been asked, were asked consistently to try to give the max

- 1 so we--so we knew if we didn't give the max, they would ping
- 2 us, say, hey can you give some more? Can you give some
- 3 more? What can you do to help us?
- 4 Q. Did--and I believe there's--did they speak with you
- 5 about members of the executive team that had not given the
- 6 max or not given what they understood to be their quote
- 7 unquote "pledge"?
- 8 A. Yeah, frequently.
- 9 Q. Would you communicate that on to the executive team?
- 10 A. No, not always. No. I mean we were inundated with
- 11 requests for contributions and you can't give to everybody
- 12 | all the time and so I didn't pass on all that to the
- executive team, occasionally.
- 14 Q. Did you ever demand that anyone give to a certain
- 15 campaign?
- 16 A. No. Never. Not once.
- 17 O. Were there times that candidates or elected office
- 18 | members spoke to you directly about whether you had given to
- 19 them in what amounts or to an opponent?
- 20 A. Yes. Yes, I have been contacted twice from elected
- 21 officials about that.
- 22 Q. What did they say?
- 23 A. Well the first one was a veiled threat. The second one
- 24 | was a direct threat. They--particularly the second one, he
- 25 | stuck a finger in my face and said you are supporting my

- opponent and you better not do that anymore. You better
- 2 stop. You better support me.
- 3 Q. During this time period did you also host fundraisers?
- 4 A. Yes I did.
- 5 Q. To your knowledge did most of the major coal
- 6 operators—coal operators host fundraisers?
- 7 A. Yes they did.
- 8 O. And who were some of those?
- 9 A. Virtually all of them in the state did. The ones that
- 10 I'm most familiar with in our area up here is Consolidation
- 11 Coal Company, Alpha Natural Resources at the time and
- 12 Alliance. Peabody Coal. There was a number of them.
- 13 Q. Do you understand one of the reasons why the campaigns
- 14 | went to you regarding the executive team as well as
- 15 | collecting at those fundraisers is because they could
- 16 | collect in batches?
- 17 A. Yes. I was the representative for our company on the
- 18 | Coal Association so they would come to the board members of
- 19 the Coal Association and approach them about trying to
- 20 campaign, you know, raise funds for them.
- 21 Q. At these fundraisers did you ever see the other coal
- company representatives present the campaigns with multiple
- checks, bundles of checks?
- 24 A. Yes. Yes. That was common.
- 25 Q. Did you know how it was that those companies were

1 running their campaign—their campaign support operations?

- 2 A. No I did not.
- Q. At any time did you think there was anything wrong with
- 4 your executives' contributions to those campaigns?
- 5 A. No I did not.
- 6 Q. Anything unlawful?
- 7 A. No; not whatsoever.
- 8 Q. You mentioned that the second bonus was not to be
- 9 discussed like--just like all other compensation. Sitting
- 10 through the trial here, Jim, you've seen two I believe
- 11 e-mails in which Karen Hughes told someone to delete
- 12 | something. Did you tell her to do that?
- 13 A. No I did not.
- 14 Q. Did you know she did that?
- 15 A. No I did not. Not until preparing for trial, is when I
- 16 | first saw it.
- 17 Q. Have you ever told someone to delete something?
- 18 A. No. Never.
- 19 Q. And have you ever deleted anything to conceal the
- 20 program?
- 21 A. No. No.
- 22 Q. You have also seen an e-mail that Karen sent where she
- 23 gives a specific dollar amount and says that's not your
- 24 money. Did you tell her to say that?
- 25 A. No I did not.

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1 Q. Do you agree with that?

- 2 A. No I don't.
- 3 Q. What did you consider the executives' money once it hit
- 4 | their accounts?
- 5 A. It was their money.
- 6 Q. You had Ernst & Young as well as other auditors in the
- 7 office, is that correct?
- 8 A. Yes, frequently. There was an auditor--independent
- 9 third party auditor that came in at least annually, if not
- more often and they audited all the books and records of the
- 11 | company. More specifically the last eighteen months that I
- was there at Mepco, there was a firm by the name of Alvarez
- 13 and Marsaw that came in. Essentially the investors of
- 14 GenPower, Longview and Mepco--Longview was going to have to
- go through what's called a restructuring. It wasn't able to
- pay its bills. It was in financial trouble and so they
- hired a professional team to come in and look at everything
- 18 under the company. They looked at every dime the company
- spent and had six full time people staffed at Mepco looking
- 20 at everything we did so it was--and that was continuous
- 21 every day, five days a week for a year and a half.
- 22 Q. Were those second bonuses, to your knowledge, clearly in
- 23 the financial records?
- 24 A. Yes, to my knowledge.
- 25 Q. Did the second bonus program continue during this time

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1 period?

- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Why did it end, the program?
- 4 A. It became apparent right around May or June of 2013
- 5 that -- we thought for a while, you know, Longview was going
- 6 to go through a restructuring that -- essentially that Mepco,
- 7 which was a guarantor—the company I ran was a guarantor of
- 8 | the debt of Longview, was going to get a by. It would not
- 9 have to go through a restructuring itself or be drug into
- 10 bankruptcy and when it became apparent that Mepco--Longview
- was going to file bankruptcy and Mepco was going to have to
- 12 | file bankruptcy, any kind of discretionary bonuses, it is a
- big no-no, you do not give discretionary bonuses to any
- 14 executive when you're going to be in bankruptcy, so
- 15 that--that's prohibited and so we just stopped it, stopped
- 16 giving discretionary bonuses at that time.
- 17 Q. At the time that you stopped giving discretionary
- bonuses, did you have any concern with their legality?
- 19 A. No; none whatsoever.
- 20 Q. During the entire duration of the program had anyone
- 21 | indicated anything that led you to believe that there was a
- question as to whether it was lawful?
- 23 A. No. None.
- 24 Q. During this time period between 2010 and 2013, what
- 25 did--what rules of campaign finance did you understand to

1 be?

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A. I knew there were individual limits. The campaigns themselves educated us on that. You could see it in big bold letters on the flyers, on any of the invitations, but the campaigns educated us on that because they wanted to try to encourage people to give to the max so they always told you what the maximum amount you're allowed to give. I also knew that—that a company can't write a check in itself to campaigns and then I knew that—that if Joe blow gave me a hundred dollars and says I'm going to give you a hundred dollars and I want you to then give a hundred dollars to Joe

- Q. You mentioned individual limits. Did at times you even get that wrong as far as whether you had given too much or not split it between the primary and general?
- A. Yes. There was—states—was federal law, state law; they're all different and it was dynamic. It changed all the time so sometimes I got it wrong as to what—in West Virginia there might be a thousand dollar limit. In the federal it might be twenty—four or twenty—five or twenty—six. Pennsylvania there are no limits so it was just a mixed bag and at times it was confusing, so sometimes I got it wrong too.

MR. CARR: May I approach, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes you may.

Manchin, I knew that was wrong.

- 1 BY MR. CARR:
- 2 Q. Jim, I'm showing you what's been admitted as
- Government's Exhibit 18-8. The first page is on the screen.
- 4 Did you fill this form out?
- 5 A. Yes I did. That is my printing and that is my
- 6 signature.
- 7 Q. How many, by the way, invitations would you typically
- 8 get during this time period from the campaigns, invitations
- 9 to fundraisers or to give?
- 10 A. A lot. I mean hundreds--hundreds. If not coming into
- 11 the office, go home at night and routinely in the mail there
- were many, many invitations to fundraisers. It's just like
- 13 | if you give to a charity or you give to some kind of cause
- 14 and they kind of hand your name out, next thing you know
- 15 you're on everybody's list.
- 16 Q. What about contribution forms?
- 17 A. Yes. There were contribution forms typically attached
- 18 | with most all the invitations.
- 19 Q. There is a, kind of an affirmation here. Was it your
- 20 experience that those varied widely across the contribution
- 21 forms?
- 22 A. I don't think there was any standard or any--yes, they
- varied widely and virtually every invitation looked
- 24 different.
- 25 Q. This one says that please check here to confirm that you

# Laurita - Direct

- are at least eighteen years of age, that this contribution
- 2 is being made using your personal check or credit/debit
- 3 card, not the check or card of an incorporated entity or
- 4 another--other person; that no one has advanced you funds
- for the purpose of making this contribution, and that no one
- 6 | will reimburse you for it. Did you--do you--did you believe
- 7 at the time between 2010 and 2013 that the second bonus
- 8 program violated that rule?
- 9 A. No I did not believe it violated that rule.
- 10 Q. Do you now?
- 11 A. No I do not.
- 12 Q. Why?
- 13 A. It's a fundamental difference. I took this as Joe Blow
- 14 | coming up to me saying I'm going to give you a thousand
- dollars; I'm going to give you a hundred dollars, whatever
- amount you want to say and then I want you to take a
- 17 thousand dollars of your money and give to a candidate.
- 18 | That's tit for tat, one-on-one. That's the way I took that.
- 19 That's not what we did in the program at Mepco.
- 20 Q. Jim, given that to your knowledge all the executive
- 21 | compensation came from Mepco, did you think the situation
- 22 was any different if you raised their salaries?
- 23 A. I'm sorry. Could you ask that again?
- 24 Q. To the extent that you understood that all of the
- 25 executives or nearly all of the executives' money came from

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# Laurita - Cross

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- 1 their employment at Mepco, do you think this situation would
- 2 be any different had you increased their base salaries?
- 3 A. No.
- 4 MR. CARR: Your Honor, may I have a moment?
- 5 THE COURT: Yes.
- 6 (Pause)
- 7 MR. CARR: Your Honor, I will return Government's
- 8 Exhibit 18-8 and pass the witness.
- 9 | THE COURT: All right. Thank you. The Government
- 10 may cross examine.
- MR. DOUGLAS: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 12 CROSS EXAMINATION
- 13 BY MR. DOUGLAS:
- 14 Q. Mr. Laurita, you grew up in the coal industry, didn't
- 15 you?
- 16 A. Yes I did.
- 17 Q. Your family has run a coal company for generations,
- 18 hasn't it?
- 19 A. Yes. Yes they have.
- 20 Q. Your father ran a coal company, right?
- 21 A. Yes he did.
- Q. You've followed in your father's footsteps, haven't you?
- 23 A. Yes. Yes I have.
- Q. You started working for your father before you even
- graduated high school, didn't you?

- 1 A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. You worked for your father while you were attending WVU,
- 3 | didn't you?
- 4 A. Yes I did.
- 5 Q. You're educated with a college degree in Mining
- 6 Engineer, right?
- 7 A. Yes, I am.
- 8 Q. And you're also a licensed and professional engineer,
- 9 | right?
- 10 A. Yes that's correct.
- 11 Q. You had to meet certain requirements to obtain that
- 12 license, didn't you?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. After obtaining your college degree you joined your
- 15 | father's company full time, right?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. As the company mining engineer I believe you testified?
- 18 A. Yes. At the time, yes.
- 19 Q. In 1990 at thirty years old and after less than ten
- 20 | years on the job, you became president of Mepco, didn't you?
- 21 A. Yeah. Yes.
- 22 A. Okay. In 2000 at forty years old you became CEO at
- 23 Mepco while remaining president as well, right?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Watching your father since childhood, you got to see

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- 1 | what it was like to run a company, didn't you?
- 2 A. Yes. I mean it was a much smaller company. Mepco had
- grown much larger than the company my dad had run. It was
- 4 very, very small, but yes, I mean--we learned some basic
- 5 skills. That's what I learned from my dad.
- 6 Q. You saw at least that your father had significant
- 7 responsibilities, didn't you?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And no matter the skill you noticed that one of his most
- 10 significant responsibilities was to negotiate and approve
- 11 | contracts on behalf of the company, right?
- 12 A. I don't know that I saw my dad negotiate contracts on
- behalf of the company but I would suppose he did, yes.
- 14 Q. You never saw that in high school?
- 15 A. No, I never--no, I never saw my dad negotiate and sign
- 16 | contracts, no.
- 17 Q. You never saw that in college?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. But you noticed that your father would review contracts
- 20 carefully before signing them, didn't you?
- 21 A. No. I have no knowledge of my dad--I never--I never,
- 22 you know participated with him signing contracts.
- Q. Not in high school?
- 24 A. No.
- 25 Q. Not in college?

- 1 A. No.
- Q. In your over twenty years of managing companies, you've
- 3 reviewed thousands of contracts and other legal documents,
- 4 haven't you?
- 5 A. I would say it's a stretch to say thousands of documents
- 6 but, yeah, I have looked at various agreements over the
- 7 years, yes.
- Q. Okay. You were careful to review those documents before
- 9 | signing them, right?
- 10 A. Depends on the transaction. Depends on the amount of
- 11 paperwork. You entrust your lawyers. You entrust staff to
- 12 review documents and, no, there's many times I don't review
- 13 the documents. I just trust the staff to do that on my
- 14 behalf and our lawyers to do that on my behalf and they tell
- 15 | you--it's like if you go in to get a bank loan. There may
- be thirty pages and, you know, you trust your banker. You
- 17 | trust them that--that what you're signing is accurate.
- 18 Q. Did you also do that when the contract was worth
- 19 millions of dollars?
- 20 A. Yeah.
- 21 Q. Okay. So you made it a practice of just signing your
- 22 | signature to things no matter what they said?
- 23 A. That's not what I said.
- 24 Q. I'm asking you, did you make it a practice of signing
- 25 | things without reading them?

- 1 A. No I did not.
- Q. Okay. While at Mepco you had many employees depending
- 3 on you, didn't you?
- 4 A. Yes, sure did.
- 5 Q. In fact at Mepco at one point you had eight hundred
- 6 employees, right?
- 7 A. No. It was about six hundred employees at Mepco.
- 8 Q. Okay. Under your management Mepco grew to become among
- 9 the largest independent coal operations in the northeastern
- 10 United States didn't it?
- 11 A. It was fairly large. It wasn't one of the largest, but
- 12 | it was fairly large as far as an independent is concerned.
- Most of the--most of the companies were publicly traded,
- 14 much larger than Mepco.
- 15 Q. So if that's stated in those terms on the WVU web site
- 16 having your picture and your bio, that would be inaccurate
- 17 that it was one of the largest independent coal operations
- in the northeastern United States?
- 19 A. No, I disagreed to that.
- 20 Q. Okay.
- 21 A. It wasn't the largest, but it was one of the largest
- 22 independents.
- 23 Q. You were heavily involved in the Longview Power Plant
- 24 Project, weren't you?
- 25 A. Yes I was.

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- 1 Q. And I believe you testified that was a two billion
- 2 | dollar project?
- 3 A. Yes it was.
- 4 Q. And that's with a b, right?
- 5 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 6 Q. In fact at the time it was the largest single project
- 7 | with respect to dollars spent in the history of the State of
- 8 | West Virginia, wasn't it?
- 9 A. Yes it was.
- 10 Q. And Mepco, under your management, had invested over one
- 11 hundred million dollars in the project, correct?
- 12 A. It was--Mepco had borrowed about a hundred million
- dollars to expand so that it would have the coal readily
- 14 available when Longview went on line.
- 15 Q. It was still over a hundred million dollars, right?
- 16 A. Yes. Yes it was.
- 17 Q. You couldn't just do what you wanted to with the hundred
- 18 million dollars, correct?
- 19 A. No. No you could not.
- 20 Q. Okay.
- 21 A. It had to go to capital expenditures.
- 22 Q. Those capital firms would get upset if you didn't pay
- 23 back the hundred million dollars?
- 24 A. Very much so.
- 25 Q. All right. In 2010 the Longview Power Plant Project was

- 1 still in the construction stage, wasn't it?
- 2 A. Yes it was.
- 3 Q. At the time you were concerned about the chance of
- 4 | success for Longview, weren't you?
- 5 A. Concerned about the chance of success. I'm not
- 6 following your question.
- 7 Q. You were concerned--first of all I think you testified
- 8 on direct that there was a permit pulled by the federal
- 9 government for the first time anyone could remember or
- something to that effect. Is that what you testified?
- 11 A. Yes, that was with regard to the Spruce Fork Surface
- 12 Mine Permit in southern West Virginia.
- 13 Q. Okay. And I believe you testified on direct if Longview
- didn't run, Mepco wouldn't be able to run. Is that true?
- 15 A. That's true.
- 16 Q. And I think you even said it would be the end of Mepco,
- 17 | didn't vou?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. That's your company?
- 20 A. I was the president. It wasn't my company but I was the
- 21 president of it.
- Q. You were an owner in the company as well, right?
- 23 A. Very small fraction, yes.
- Q. Very small fraction of millions of dollars is a lot of
- 25 money, isn't it?

- 1 A. We borrowed millions of dollars.
- Q. Okay. In fact in 2010, as you saw during this trial,
- you sent Charles Huguenard an e-mail where you indicated
- 4 your concern because you had too much at stake financially,
- 5 | isn't that true?
- 6 A. Mepco and Longview had a huge amount at stake
- 7 | financially. Mepco and Longview both.
- 8 Q. And you were running Mepco?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Okay. If Mepco failed, then that would tarnish your
- family name and legacy wouldn't it?
- 12 A. No. No. We have a very good reputation. I wasn't even
- 13 | worried about that.
- 14 Q. By 2010 you were the last of the Laurita involved in
- 15 Mepco, right?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. Your siblings had sold their interests?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. The success of Mepco was left to you, wasn't it, as the
- 20 president and CEO?
- 21 A. No. No. Mepco is comprised of six hundred people and a
- 22 | team and so it wasn't me. It wasn't Jimmy Laurita. It's
- 23 six hundred people.
- Q. But as the president and CEO you would agree at least
- 25 | that there was a lot of pressure on you?

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- 1 A. Certainly. As president of the company, there's
- certainly a lot of pressure on that individual.
- 3 Q. And you would agree that pressure can cause someone to
- do something they wouldn't normally do, right?
- 5 A. I don't know how to answer that.
- Q. Do you agree with the statement that pressure can cause
- 7 someone to do things they wouldn't normally do, yes or no?
- 8 A. That's--you know, that's kind of a--I don't know how to
- 9 answer that. If you have pressure on you, of course you
- 10 | could probably make mistakes. You could do things you
- 11 | normally wouldn't do I guess. It's part of that job. When
- 12 you become an officer of a company you've got pressure on
- 13 you all the time.
- 14 Q. Do you agree that pressure can cause someone to do
- 15 | something out of character?
- 16 A. Depends on how strong your character is.
- 17 Q. Now you testified on direct prior to 2008 I believe you
- didn't find a need to make political contributions, right,
- is that what you testified?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. There was a need in 2010, wasn't there?
- 22 A. Certainly.
- 23 Q. And your solution to your concern about Longview was to
- 24 become more politically involved than ever before, right?
- 25 A. I don't know if that was a solution but it's something

- 1 that I felt we needed to do.
- 2 Q. Okay. In 2010 you called a meeting with your executives
- 3 to discuss political contributions, didn't you?
- 4 A. Yes I did.
- 5 Q. The executives were your employees, weren't they?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. They were your subordinates, right?
- 8 A. Yes they were.
- 9 Q. In fact you had hired them, right?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. You had also promoted them, correct?
- 12 A. Yes I did.
- 13 Q. You had known at least one of them, Karen Hughes, for
- 14 decades, hadn't you?
- 15 A. Yes. Yes I did.
- 16 Q. You knew that they trusted you, didn't you?
- 17 A. Yes, and I trusted them.
- 18 Q. I believe you testified on direct that you were friends,
- 19 right?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. You were a team, correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. You worked closely together, right?
- 24 A. Yes we did.
- 25 Q. At that meeting you requested that your executives begin

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- 1 | making political contributions, didn't you?
- 2 A. Yes I did.
- 3 Q. You requested that your executives have their spouses
- 4 make contributions, didn't you?
- 5 A. I--I brought it up to them. I said is this--again is
- 6 this the right thing to do, should we do this and they
- 7 agreed we should.
- 8 Q. But it originated with you, correct?
- 9 A. Yes it did.
- 10 Q. All right. And you knew that they would do what you
- 11 asked them because you were their boss, didn't you?
- 12 A. No. I did not manage that way. I absolutely did not
- manage that way. Anybody that knows me, has been around me,
- 14 knows I don't manage that way.
- 15 Q. You knew that they would do what you asked because you
- had hired them and you had the power to fire them, didn't
- 17 | vou?
- 18 A. No, that's incorrect.
- 19 Q. You knew that they would do what you asked because you
- 20 had promoted them and had the power to demote them, didn't
- 21 you?
- 22 A. That's not true.
- 23 Q. You had the power--
- 24 A. We had to operate as a team. I didn't operate by force.
- I didn't operate as a hammer. I did not operate that way.

- 1 Anybody that knows me, has been around me, knows that's not
- 2 | the way I work.
- 3 Q. But you did hire them, right?
- 4 A. Yes I hired them.
- 5 Q. You had the power to fire them, right?
- 6 A. That is correct.
- 7 Q. You had promoted them, correct?
- 8 A. That is correct.
- 9 Q. You had the power to demote them, true?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And I believe you testified on direct you had the power
- 12 to increase their pay, right?
- 13 A. Yes. I had the authority to do so.
- 14 Q. You also knew that they would not participate if it
- would cost them money, didn't you?
- 16 A. I never asked that question. I knew that they were
- 17 underwater to begin with. I felt an obligation to raise
- 18 | their compensation if I asked them to do this. I never
- 19 asked them if they would do it absent that.
- 20 Q. Sir, I didn't ask you if you asked them. I asked, you
- 21 also knew that they would not participate if it would cost
- 22 | them money, right?
- 23 A. No. I didn't ask--I didn't know because I never asked.
- Q. You assured them that they would not be out any money
- 25 because of this program, did you?

- 1 A. I assured them that they would not get hurt, that the
- 2 bonus would be an excess of--of any additional expenses they
- 3 | would have associated with this.
- 4 Q. What do you mean by hurt?
- 5 A. That they wouldn't--they were already well underwater
- 6 compared to the other executives in their peer group and so
- 7 to ask them to now participate in this program when they are
- 8 already way behind compensation of everybody else, to me
- 9 that's getting hurt.
- 10 Q. So you wanted them to have money to be able to
- 11 participate in the program then, right?
- 12 A. I wanted to have additional compensation so it would be
- 13 much easier for them to do.
- 14 Q. So the additional compensation was connected to the
- 15 program, correct?
- 16 A. Yes. I gave them a bonus. I gave them additional
- 17 | compensation.
- 18 Q. And you did that with company money, correct?
- 19 A. All the money, their pay. It went into their normal pay
- 20 | like all their other salary, bonuses; it's all the same.
- 21 Q. This additional bonus was funded by Mepco money,
- 22 correct?
- 23 A. Yes, sir.
- 24 Q. You heard all eight executives testify that their
- contributions were funded by Mepco, didn't you?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And that that's what the second bonus was for?
- 3 A. It was additional compensation so they could easily
- 4 afford to do this.
- 5 Q. Eight different people didn't misunderstand you, did
- 6 they?
- 7 A. No, I just agreed to that. We--I raised their
- 8 compensation so they could afford to be able to do this,
- 9 much easier to be able to do this.
- 10 Q. And you also saw during the trial bank records showing
- 11 multiple examples of a five figure deposit made into an
- 12 executive's account and then the very next day a check
- written on the same account for contributions, didn't you?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Q. You don't dispute the accuracy of those bank records, do
- 16 you?
- 17 A. No, not at all.
- 18 Q. So then you will admit that those five figure payments
- 19 from Mepco were earmarked for contributions and were not
- 20 compensation, right?
- 21 A. They were not earmarked; no. It was a compensation
- 22 method. I issued a bonus like we discussed--
- 23 Q. You're not suggesting it was a coincidence that someone
- received a five figure deposit and the next day wrote a
- check to a campaign, are you?

- 1 A. It wasn't a coincidence, no, but it wasn't earmarked
- 2 monies. It's extra money. It goes into their compensation
- 3 just like all their other compensation, the same bank
- 4 accounts all their other compensation goes to.
- 5 Q. And you didn't seek any type of approval above you to
- 6 use nearly one half million dollars of company money to fund
- 7 | these contributions, did you?
- 8 A. I'm sorry, could you ask that again?
- 9 Q. You didn't seek any approval above you to use nearly one
- 10 half million dollars of company money to fund these
- 11 | contributions, did you?
- 12 A. No, I didn't need to.
- 13 Q. That's because you had the power to use nearly one half
- million dollars of company money to make contributions,
- 15 | didn't you?
- 16 A. I wouldn't term it like that. Our payroll was sixty
- million dollars a year, okay, and so I had the ability to
- 18 | adjust compensation if I needed to and one employee costs a
- 19 hundred thousand dollars a year so we had six hundred
- 20 | people, you know, that's -- in the scheme of things that's not
- 21 | much money so I had the purview to be able to do that, to
- 22 adjust compensations if need be.
- 23 Q. So with a sixty million dollar budget, it would be
- 24 difficult for an outsider to find just five hundred thousand
- dollars and what happened with it, wouldn't it?

- 1 A. No. I mean it's all--it was all open for everybody to
- 2 look at and it was not hidden. Auditors could easily access
- 3 it. Alvarez and Marsol could. No, it was easy to track all
- 4 that.
- 5 Q. At the meeting with your executives or shortly
- 6 thereafter, you told them, again your subordinates, that you
- 7 | would be sending them suggestions regarding the
- 8 contributions, right?
- 9 A. I told them that we would basically get the
- 10 recommendations from the West Virginia Coal Association and
- 11 Pennsylvania Coal Association and that we would use that as
- our template, our guide to try to give us guidance on who we
- should support and who we shouldn't support.
- 14 Q. And you agree that those suggestions were coming from
- 15 you to your executives?
- 16 A. Yeah. I was the representative at the time--early on I
- was a representative for both the Pennsylvania and West
- 18 Virginia Coal Association. Subsequently after a period of
- 19 time Eric Grimm became the representative. He represented
- 20 Mepco and Dana Mining on the Pennsylvania Coal Association
- 21 so some of the recommendations, Eric would tell me what
- Pennsylvania Coal Association was recommending at that time.
- 23 Q. You understand that suggestions from a boss are not
- 24 entirely suggestions, don't you?
- 25 A. No. No. I did--you're mischaracterizing the way I

- 1 managed and I did not manage that way.
- Q. I'm merely asking your understanding, sir?
- 3 A. That's not my understanding.
- 4 Q. These suggestions included which candidate, right?
- 5 A. Yes. Again we get our recommendations from the
- 6 Pennsylvania Coal Association, West Virginia Coal
- 7 Association and then we would debate them within the group
- 8 at times and group meetings we would debate and sometimes we
- 9 | would choose not to support a candidate or sometimes we
- 10 | would choose to support candidates different than what the
- 11 Coal Associations recommend.
- 12 Q. But you did testify on direct that you did not care
- about to which candidate the executives decided on their own
- 14 to contribute, right?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. Wouldn't that be counterproductive if you have multiple
- 17 executives contributing to opponents?
- 18 A. They had the choice to support whoever they wanted.
- 19 This executive team were all pro coal. They were all a very
- 20 | good executive team and you trust them. You give them a lot
- of responsibility. You give them discretion. You trust
- 22 | them so if they were choosing to support a candidate, you
- know, you had to believe that they know, you know, have a
- good reason for that and what they're doing, so they had
- 25 | their free will to support whoever they wanted to support.

- 1 Q. But you would agree the point of the program was to
- 2 contribute to coal friendly politicians?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. And you testified that you receiving suggestions from
- 5 | the West Virginia Coal Association, right?
- 6 A. And the Pennsylvania Coal Association, yes.
- 7 Q. You didn't receive any suggestions from the West
- 8 Virginia Coal Association that said you should probably give
- 9 equally to Mike Oliverio and David McKinley, did you?
- 10 A. No.
- 11 Q. Because they're opponents, right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And one of them is going to be considered more coal
- 14 | friendly than the other by a Coal Association, right?
- 15 A. No, that wasn't the case. As I testified earlier, Mike
- Oliverio was a State Senator and he had supported the coal
- industry for a lot of years here and David McKinley was not
- 18 | as well known so the Coal Association -- it was a tough
- decision on the Coal Association's part but they ultimately
- 20 | chose to endorse because they endorse -- the Coal Associations
- 21 typically endorse candidates and so--in almost every race
- 22 and so they endorsed Mike Oliverio is what they chose to do.
- 23 Q. In fact you changed your mind about Oliverio, didn't
- 24 you?
- 25 A. No. I never changed my mind about Oliverio. No. No.

- 1 I eventually--as I came to know David McKinley and spent a
- 2 lot more time with him, he was--he was a great candidate and
- 3 subsequently since he's been a US Congressman, he does a
- 4 great job. He represents the constituents of the state
- 5 very, very well and so in time I learned to appreciate him
- 6 quite a bit and I supported him.
- 7 Q. These suggestions from you to your executives included
- 8 the amounts, correct?
- 9 A. Yes. They would depend upon me to make recommendations
- 10 on amounts. Yes.
- 11 Q. These recommendations included whether their spouses
- 12 | would contribute, right?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 O. These instructions included when the contributions were
- 15 | needed, right?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 O. These instructions included sometimes where the
- 18 | contributions were to be made? By this I mean you bundled
- 19 the contributions for delivery to the campaigns, didn't you?
- 20 A. We would--the candidates would--typically instead of
- 21 going around chasing a bunch of different people for
- 22 | contributions they--they depended on, as we talked about
- before, the board members of the Coal Associations to try to
- work on their behalf to try to fund raise for them, so they
- 25 | would typically come to our office or, you know, if I was

- going to a fund raising event, I would take checks with me
- or if I couldn't go then if one of the execs could go, that
- 3 they would take the checks with them.
- 4 Q. But you admit that on occasion you had taken all the
- 5 | executives' checks to the campaign?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. So if you had taken all the checks to the campaign from
- 8 the executives, then you would know whether the executives
- 9 are making the suggested contributions, right?
- 10 A. No, not always. No.
- 11 Q. Because you testified on direct that you did not know if
- 12 | the executives were actually following your suggestions,
- 13 right?
- 14 A. I don't remember tracking it to that detail.
- 15 Q. My question is you testified on direct that you didn't
- 16 know that the executives were making all the contributions.
- 17 Is that a correct characteristic of the correct testimony?
- 18 A. Yes. Yes, I believe that is correct.
- 19 Q. Okay. So with all these suggestions and instructions,
- 20 | you would agree that you were involved in every major aspect
- 21 of these contributions, weren't you?
- 22 A. That's a pretty broad characterization. I'm not sure
- exactly what you're asking me.
- Q. You were involved in suggesting the candidate?
- 25 A. Yes, I was involved in that.

- 1 Q. You were involved in suggesting the amount, correct?
- 2 A. Yes I was.
- 3 Q. You were involved in suggesting whether the spouses
- 4 | would contribute, right?
- 5 A. Yes I was involved with that.
- Q. You were involved in explaining when the contributions
- 7 were needed, right?
- 8 A. Yes. Generally, yes.
- 9 Q. You were involved in delivering the contributions,
- 10 | correct?
- 11 A. Not always.
- 12 Q. You were at points, weren't you?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Okay. You were involved in every aspect of these
- contributions because in truth they were your contributions,
- 16 | aren't they?
- 17 A. No. That is absolute mistruth.
- 18 Q. You would agree that it would be incorrect for the
- campaigns to believe you were raising this money from the
- 20 executives, right?
- 21 A. Can you ask that again?
- 22 Q. You would agree that it would be incorrect for the
- campaigns to believe that you were raising this money from
- 24 | the executives, right?
- 25 A. The campaigns depended upon me and may others, the coal

- 1 executives, to try to raise for them.
- 2 Q. You did not raise this money, did you?
- 3 A. I went out on their behalf and raised money. I mean I
- 4 asked individuals to see if they would be willing to
- 5 contribute.
- Q. You didn't raise the money that the executives were
- 7 contributing, did you?
- 8 THE COURT: All right. That's the last time on
- 9 | that one. There's no objection but I think it's the third
- 10 | time you've asked the same question. I think he's answered
- 11 | it.
- MR. DOUGLAS: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 13 BY MR. DOUGLAS:
- 14 Q. All the money came from your company at your direction,
- 15 right?
- 16 A. No.
- 17 Q. All the money which funded the executives' contributions
- came from your company, didn't it?
- 19 A. The compensation came from Mepco.
- 20 Q. It was either you or your company that was the true
- 21 | source of the executives' contributions, right?
- 22 A. All of their compensation came from Mepco.
- 23 Q. But you would agree this wasn't just their salary from
- 24 | which they were writing checks, right?
- 25 A. This was their compensation, yes, that came--that wrote

- 1 these checks. It was their money.
- 2 Q. You told Karen Hughes not to talk about the program
- 3 outside the executives, right?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. You wanted to keep the information about the program
- 6 | contained, didn't you?
- 7 A. Wanted to keep the information with respect to their
- 8 compensation, like all their compensation, to be
- 9 confidential.
- 10 Q. You knew that Karen Hughes was causing deposits into the
- 11 accounts of the executives for the program, right?
- 12 A. Like all their compensation I assume would have been
- deposits in their accounts.
- 14 Q. Well, you've testified that the second bonus was related
- 15 to the program, didn't you?
- 16 A. Yes, it was compensation—additional compensation so
- 17 that they could afford to be able to make campaign
- 18 | contributions.
- 19 Q. And you were the one telling Karen Hughes how much
- 20 to--what the amount of these deposits should be?
- 21 A. I don't know if I did all the time. There was only a
- 22 | few a year and so--I mean they typically were very large
- 23 bonuses given as contributions.
- 24 Q. You're not suggesting that Karen Hughes came up with
- 25 | these five figure numbers on her own, are you?

- 1 A. No. No. But I did give her instruction that—that I
- 2 wanted to make sure their compensation was high enough so
- 3 they could be able to afford to do this.
- 4 Q. You caused the company to also reimburse the executives
- 5 when the advancements ran out, didn't you?
- 6 A. I think we issued more bonuses, more compensation.
- 7 Q. Because you didn't want the executives be hurt, right?
- 8 A. We issued additional additional compensation, just as I
- 9 explained earlier, to make sure that they didn't--that they
- weren't in a situation where they were hurt financially.
- 11 Q. You knew that these payments were being run through
- 12 payroll, right?
- 13 A. I wasn't completely aware of the accounting system. I
- 14 | didn't--that wasn't really under my purview and I didn't get
- 15 | involved with that so--so I assume it went into their normal
- 16 payroll.
- 17 Q. You knew that these payments were being called bonuses
- 18 | though, right?
- 19 A. We called them bonuses. I don't know how they did that
- 20 in the payroll system.
- 21 Q. The executives received production bonuses but that's
- not what these were, right?
- 23 A. No. This was a discretional bonus. It was not a
- 24 production bonus.
- 25 Q. The executives were not allowed to use this money as

- 1 they wished, were they?
- 2 A. Yes. It was their compensation.
- 3 Q. They couldn't have just booked a cruise and then not
- 4 made any of your suggested donations, isn't that true?
- 5 A. It was part of their total compensation. It all went
- 6 into one kitty and one compensation.
- 7 Q. It was not your intent that the executives would make
- 8 money from these payments, right?
- 9 A. I wanted to make sure that the compensation was well in
- 10 excess of any additional expenses they would have associated
- with making campaign contributions.
- 12 Q. So you merely intended to make them whole, right?
- 13 A. No. I wanted to be in excess of that and it was. I
- 14 mean what I have reviewed in documents it was well above
- 15 that plus there was money put into their 401(k)s as well.
- 16 Q. These payments were not called advancements for
- 17 political contributions in any Mepco records, were they?
- 18 A. No. Not to my knowledge. I don't know.
- 19 Q. These payments were not called, to your knowledge,
- 20 reimbursements for political contributions in any Mepco
- 21 records, were they?
- 22 A. I really don't know.
- 23 Q. You were aware that Mepco was being financially audited
- 24 | on a regular basis, weren't you?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. But you didn't make sure, as president and CEO, that the
- 2 auditor knew the purpose for these payments, right?
- 3 A. I didn't interact with auditors. We had three
- 4 accountants on staff. We had two financial analysts on
- 5 staff. We had a huge Accounts Payable staff and that just
- 6 wasn't under my purview. That's typically under Kent
- 7 Lindsay or Karen Hughes.
- 8 Q. You knew that having to make these contributions was
- 9 annoying to most of the executives, didn't you?
- 10 A. Hey, none of us liked giving money. None of us liked
- 11 going to fundraisers but we needed to.
- 12 Q. But you knew that they made the contributions, despite
- 13 their annoyance, because you were their boss, correct?
- 14 A. No. I think that it is a mischaracterization.
- 15 Q. You asked Karen Hughes to communicate your requests for
- 16 | contributions to the other executives, right?
- 17 A. Yes. And then subsequently it was Suzanne after I
- 18 brought Suzanne on board.
- 19 Q. And you told her something to the effect of ask, don't
- 20 | tell when communicating with them?
- 21 A. As I talked about earlier, the--we just didn't want to
- 22 | feel--anybody to feel that they were forced into it or
- obligated to do that so I never wanted anybody to feel like
- 24 they had to do it.
- 25 Q. When you, as president and CEO, cause your money to

- 1 | front almost fifteen thousand dollars to a subordinate and
- 2 then ask that employee to make a twenty-five hundred dollar
- 3 campaign donation, that's not really asking, is it?
- 4 A. I went to them before we started it and asked them if
- 5 this was the right thing to do? Did they want to do it?
- 6 Should we do it? And they agreed.
- 7 Q. I want to talk about your knowledge of the campaign
- 8 laws. You testified on direct examination that you knew
- 9 there were individual limits or limits on an individual, how
- 10 much an individual can contribute, right?
- 11 A. Yes. Generally yes.
- 12 Q. And I believe you indicated that you had learned that in
- part from reading some of the invitations, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And you knew that this individual limit increased over
- 16 | time, correct?
- 17 A. I had come to learn that over time, yes.
- 18 Q. I mean you did recall David McKinley himself sending you
- an e-mail indicating that the limit had increased to
- 20 | twenty-six hundred dollars, right?
- 21 A. I don't remember that specific e-mail but I have learned
- 22 over time that they did increase, I think that on a federal
- level but it's my understanding, like West Virginia's hadn't
- but I believe the federal does. I don't understand why or
- 25 | how the mechanism but I had come to learn that they did

- 1 increase over time.
- 2 Q. And you do recall seeing the e-mails that were presented
- during this trial between you and Suzanne Crane where you're
- 4 increasing your request from twenty-five hundred to
- 5 twenty-six hundred for some candidates?
- 6 A. Yes, sir.
- 7 Q. You knew that the individual limits prevented you from
- 8 personally contributing as much as you wanted to contribute
- 9 to certain candidates, did you?
- 10 A. Can you ask that question again?
- 11 Q. You knew that the individual limits prevented you from
- 12 personally contributing as much as you wanted to contribute
- 13 to some of the candidates?
- 14 A. No. I didn't want to contribute more, not personally
- me. I mean, you know, they always ping me to contribute to
- 16 the max and so, you know, I gave the max.
- 17 Q. And you testified on direct that you knew that a company
- 18 | couldn't write a check in its name to a candidate?
- 19 A. That's right.
- 20 Q. And did you learn that in part from that e-mail chain
- between you, Bill Raney and Louis Southworth, where you were
- 22 asking about LLC's contributing?
- 23 A. No, that pertained--I had seen something along the way
- 24 | where it looked like an LLC was permissible and so I was
- 25 asking him--Mepco was an LLC so I was wondering, well can

- 1 Mepco give and--because it's an LLC and so that was an
- 2 | iteration of--of exchange back and forth trying to figure
- 3 out whether Mepco can give or not.
- 4 Q. And you saw that information about LLC's by reading some
- 5 invitations, right?
- 6 A. I don't remember exactly where I read it, but it
- 7 | might've been some invitations.
- 8 Q. You recall telling Thomas Jones at Camelot Coal I have
- 9 to do the max several times over, right?
- 10 A. I remember that e-mail, yes.
- 11 Q. When you made that statement to him you meant that you
- were multiplying the individual maximum by maxing out each
- of your executives, isn't that right?
- 14 A. No it's not. No. We were asked several times by the
- 15 Manchin campaign—they had several fundraisers all in a row
- 16 | and had asked me and my family to--to show up at each one of
- 17 them and so I believe I had my wife write a check to one of
- 18 the fundraisers and my dad to another and me another, so as
- 19 a family we had--we had maxed out.
- 20 Q. You testified on direct that you understood that it was
- 21 prohibited for someone to give you a hundred dollars and say
- here give this to, I think your example was, Senator Manchin
- 23 for me, right?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Isn't that what you were doing with the executives as

- 1 | well, right?
- 2 A. No. Big fundamental difference. I wasn't doing a one
- for one exchange of dollars and the executives, I came to
- 4 them beforehand and asked them, is this the right thing to
- 5 do? Should we do this? Do you want to do this? And they
- 6 said yes.
- 7 Q. I believe your testimony on direct was not all of it was
- 8 one-for-one, isn't that true?
- 9 A. I'm sorry. Can you ask the question again?
- 10 Q. You testified on direct that not all of the money was
- 11 one-for-one with the contributions, right?
- 12 A. None of it was one-for-one.
- 13 Q. Okay. You hosted Mark Critz fundraisers, right?
- 14 A. Yes i did.
- 15 Q. You approved invitations for those fundraisers, correct?
- 16 A. I would generally take a look at the top half of the
- fundraisers with respect to formatting or, you know, who all
- 18 | was on those fundraisers. Sometimes I was asked to
- 19 be--there was a large group of people on fundraisers;
- 20 | sometimes it might've been just a few and so I would kind of
- 21 look at--look at those and see if the formatting looked good
- 22 and that sort of thing and then would depend upon the--the
- campaigns to work with Suzanne, for example, when she was
- working on those invitations to make sure everything was
- 25 acceptable to them.

- 1 Q. So you're saying you didn't read the bottom part which
- 2 said contribution rules and indicated contributions must be
- 3 made from your own funds and funds cannot be provided to you
- 4 by another person?
- 5 A. I had seen that language over the years but I didn't
- 6 review--I didn't review all the boilerplate language, if you
- 7 | want to call it that, at the bottom of these because they're
- 8 all different. It would depend on the campaign. I never
- 9 saw any kind of a standard. The invitations varied
- dramatically and typically the campaigns themselves would
- 11 approve of an invitation.
- 12 Q. So you had seen language like that over the years?
- 13 A. Yes I had.
- 14 Q. Okay. You agree that during the time of the program you
- made a lot of contributions in your own name, right?
- 16 A. Yes I did.
- 17 Q. Between April of 2010 and October of 12 you made
- 18 | contributions in your own name to over twenty different
- 19 federal candidates. Does that sound about right?
- 20 A. I don't remember, but it could be.
- 21 Q. And about half of these candidates were candidates that
- 22 | you did not ask your executives to contribute to, right?
- 23 A. I really don't--I really don't remember. There
- 24 | were--there were a lot of candidates that were outside of
- 25 the region. Typically the candidates that the executive

- 1 team supported were candidates that—that represented areas
- where our employees were at, southwestern Pennsylvania,
- 3 northern West Virginia, that's what typically the executive
- 4 team because they were representing the employees of the
- 5 | company but there was a lot of--the Coal Association and a
- 6 lot of its members had asked me many times to support people
- 7 just across the country that they needed help and so I chose
- 8 personally to support people across the country that I
- 9 didn't even know but they needed help and the Coal
- 10 Association or various other board members asked for help so
- 11 I did.
- 12 Q. You heard most of your executives testify that they had
- never made contributions before 2010, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. You admit that you were much more experienced with
- 16 political donations than your executives were, right?
- 17 A. I would say it's a fair statement.
- 18 Q. Likewise you admit that you were much more familiar with
- contribution laws than your executives, right?
- 20 A. I guess probably to some extent because I had given
- 21 before they had.
- 22 Q. And you were shown on direct examination a contribution
- form to Tom Smith that you indicated you completed and
- 24 signed, right?
- 25 A. That's correct.

- 1 Q. And you indicated that you had read that before signing
- 2 | it?
- 3 A. Probably. Yes.
- 4 Q. You indicated that there were a lot of invitations
- 5 | coming your way?
- 6 A. Oh, yeah. Yeah, quite a few.
- 7 Q. And there were a lot of contribution forms?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. But there weren't very many contribution forms that made
- 10 you sign the form, isn't that true?
- 11 A. I remember filling out lots of forms.
- 12 Q. You would agree it's rare on the contribution forms to
- have you sign something?
- 14 A. I'm sure I signed lots of them.
- 15 Q. Before using hundreds of thousands of dollars of company
- 16 money to fund campaign donations you would agree that it
- 17 | would be wise to confirm that doing so is lawful, right?
- 18 A. Can you re-ask that question please?
- 19 Q. Before causing these second bonuses, you would agree it
- 20 | would be wise to determine whether it's lawful?
- 21 A. The compensation of the officers, I didn't think that
- 22 anything was improper, not a bit. It was just added
- compensation so I didn't feel the need to go out and check
- lawfulness because I didn't think there was anything wrong
- with it. I just added--I increased their compensation.

- 1 Q. But you did have access to legal advice as the president
- 2 and CEO of Mepco, right?
- 3 A. Yes. I had access to lawyers and all that sort of
- 4 thing.
- 5 Q. You had a General Counsel?
- 6 A. Yes I did.
- 7 Q. You also had a personal attorney named Greg Rosen,
- 8 right?
- 9 A. Yes. He represented our family for many years. Yes.
- 10 Q. And you apparently had access to Louis Southworth as
- 11 | well, correct?
- 12 A. He was the attorney that represented the Coal
- 13 Association.
- 14 O. You knew that Mr. Southworth was one of the best
- 15 attorneys in the State, right?
- 16 A. I don't know that I knew that but I knew he was a very
- 17 good attorney. He was well thought of and highly respected
- 18 | in the State.
- 19 Q. As we've already covered, you sought Mr. Southworth's
- 20 advice on whether an LLC could make political donations in
- 21 its name, right?
- 22 A. Yes. That's correct.
- 23 Q. So you also believed that he was knowledgeable on
- 24 campaign finance laws, right?
- 25 A. Yes.

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# Laurita - Cross

THE COURT: Mr. Douglas, it's a quarter till It's past time for the jury to have their midmorning recess. I do hate to interrupt your cross-examination. If you're almost finished I think we could bear on but if it's going to take a while longer I believe the jury's entitled to their midmorning recess. MR. DOUGLAS: We should take a recess. THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Ladies and Gentlemen of the Jury, it's time for your midmorning recess. We'll resume at eleven o'clock and I want to thank you for your patience and attention. Please leave your notebooks face down on your chairs and do not discuss anything about this case among yourselves during the recess. Court Security will lead you out. Thank you. (Jury out at 10:45 a.m.) THE COURT: All right. Mr. Laurita, would you please step down and be prepared to resume the stand at eleven o'clock. Court stands in recess until eleven o'clock. Thank you. (Recess from 10:46 a.m., until 11:08 a.m.) THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. I apologize for the brief delay. I had other matters I had to address. We can bring the jury in.

MR. CARR: Your Honor, while the jury--

THE COURT: I was about to say, they're about to

Laurita - Cross

1 | come in, Mr. Carr. What is it?

2 MR. CARR: Just very briefly, Your Honor. I just

3 wanted to put on the record that I'm aware of the

4 prohibition of speaking to the defendant while he is

5 testifying and I did not do so.

THE COURT: Thank you.

7 (Jury in 11:10 a.m.)

8 THE COURT: Ladies and Gentlemen, welcome back and

9 my apologies for the brief delay. I had another matter to

10 attend to. Mr. Douglas, you may resume your

11 cross-examination.

MR. DOUGLAS: Thank you, Your Honor.

13 BY MR. DOUGLAS:

- 14 Q. Mr. Laurita, during the program you know it was unlawful
- to provide a false statement to the federal government,
- 16 | right?

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- 17 A. I would think so; yes.
- 18 Q. During that time you also knew it was--it would be
- 19 unlawful to cause someone else to provide a false statement
- 20 to the federal government, correct?
- 21 A. Yes. I would think so. Yes.
- 22 Q. At that time you knew that the Federal Election
- 23 | Commission was an agency of the federal government, didn't
- 24 you?
- 25 A. I subsequently learned about that, yes, but at the time

## Laurita - Cross

- 1 | I don't--I wasn't familiar with the Federal Election
- 2 Commission.
- 3 Q. You saw on e-mails where campaigns would mention the
- 4 FEC, didn't you?
- 5 A. No I don't remember.
- Q. You knew that in some way the federal government was
- 7 providing some oversight to campaign contributions, didn't
- 8 you?
- 9 A. I knew that there were--you know I learned through the
- 10 process that there was reporting requirements that the
- campaigns had to report to the federal government, but I
- 12 didn't know to what extent.
- 13 Q. And you knew that the purpose of this was to identify
- 14 | individuals who gave money to campaigns, right?
- 15 A. Yeah. That was obvious from the forms that you filled
- out that—that they wanted some information, your
- occupation, where you lived, that sort of thing.
- 18 Q. And you knew that the reporting would include name and
- 19 amount as well, right?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. Okay. You knew that the campaigns were receiving that
- 22 information and then providing it on to the government,
- 23 right?
- 24 A. I assumed that. I didn't know for a fact but I assumed
- 25 that.

## Laurita - Cross

- 1 Q. Would you agree that the Government's information on
- 2 this--on donations is only as good as what the campaigns
- 3 | would give them?
- 4 A. I would assume that's correct.
- 5 Q. Would you agree that the campaigns' information is only
- as accurate as what the donors would give them?
- 7 A. Yes, that would be a fair assumption.
- 8 Q. You understand the phrase garbage in, garbage out,
- 9 | right?
- 10 A. Yes I do.
- 11 Q. That would apply here to, wouldn't it, to campaign
- donations and information about them?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. If a campaign had been given false information and
- provided that to the federal government, then the federal
- government would've received false information, right?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Then you understand that the whole system breaks down
- when a campaign does not know the person giving them the
- 20 donation is not the true source of the money, right?
- 21 A. Yes. That's—that's correct.
- 22 Q. You did not tell, for example, the McKinley campaign
- 23 that you were using company money to fund the donations of
- 24 your executives, did you?
- 25 A. No I didn't because I didn't believe that was true.

448 Laurita - Cross

1 Q. You didn't tell any of the campaigns that you were

2 providing bonuses to the executives that they were using for

- donations, did you?
- 4 A. No I did not.
- 5 Q. And you knew of nothing indicating this fact to the
- 6 | campaigns, right?
- 7 A. Did I know of information provided to campaigns that
- 8 | would state that? I'm not following your question.
- 9 Q. Okay.
- 10 A. Could you re-ask that please?
- 11 Q. If the campaigns had known that the executives'
- donations were being funded by company money, you don't
- 13 believe they would accept the donations, do you?
- MR. CARR: Objection.
- 15 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 16 BY MR. DOUGLAS:
- 17 Q. In any event you knew that the campaign committees were
- 18 providing information to the government which identified
- 19 your executives and their spouses as donors, right?
- 20 A. Yes. I would say that's a fair assessment. Yes.
- 21 Q. You can agree that this program wasn't all about trying
- 22 to garner favor with coal friendly politicians, don't you?
- 23 A. This program, as you call it, was about trying to
- 24 support candidates that were supportive of our industry and
- 25 | support our employees. I am not following your question.

## Laurita - Cross

- 1 Q. Okay. Fine. You liked being able to sit at the head
- 2 table with Senator Manchin at fundraisers, didn't you?
- 3 A. That would be a privilege.
- 4 Q. You could get face-to-face meetings with David McKinley,
- 5 Congressman McKinley, couldn't you?
- 6 A. Yes, you could. It maybe difficult at times because
- 7 he's, you know in Washington, DC but if he's in the area,
- yes. I mean I could get--I could get him to a face-to-face,
- 9 either drive up to see him or him come down to see me from
- 10 time to time. Most of the time if we wanted to communicate
- with the staff and wanted a face-to-face we would
- 12 typically--staff would be more readily available than what
- 13 he was.
- 14 Q. At one point in 2013, so we're talking about three years
- into the program, you told McKinley's staff I would like a
- one on one meeting with David prior to setting up an event,
- 17 | didn't you?
- 18 A. Yes I remember that.
- 19 Q. And you're talking about a fundraiser event being hosted
- 20 by you for Congressman McKinley?
- 21 A. Yes I remember that very well.
- 22 Q. And in that same chain of e-mail you told that same
- 23 staff person, I would prefer a meeting with David before we
- commit because I need to have a discussion with him
- 25 beforehand?

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## Laurita - Cross

A. Yes, sir, I remember that very well. It was--some of the executives were very concerned about some statements that David McKinley had made as of late and they were of the opinion that they may not want to support him anymore and so I had requested a meeting with David McKinley to say, David, you've got a lot of your constituents now that are very concerned about you so you're going--you're going to need to have a face-to-face with the executive team at some point. I didn't want to do that in open forum, open public, so I wanted to tell him that in private. Q. And you had actually had what you describe as lengthy conversations with Congressman McKinley and it was reported in the media that he was taking a position you didn't agree with, isn't that true? A. Yes. In fact you told a colleague, I spoke to David at length yesterday morning about some news releases that were sent to me which indicated David agreed that something needed to be done to combat climate change. He said he would put out a press release clarifying his stance. Is that accurate? A. Yes. That was about the same time that the staff were concerned -- my staff were concerned about statements. engineering staff were--I don't remember exactly what the--what the--what it was about at this time but I remember specifically that it was Brian Osborn, Eric Grimm because

## Laurita - Cross

- 1 they--they managed a lot of the mining operations and Brian
- was on the Engineering and Permitting. They were very
- 3 | concerned about some statements he had made and I don't
- 4 remember what those were and so I was trying to address that
- 5 | with him that the staff were very concerned about it
- 6 and--and fairly, legitimately so.
- 7 Q. So is it fair to say that after three years of giving to
- 8 | Congressman McKinley that you could call a sitting
- 9 Congressman and have him put out a press release clarifying
- 10 a stance?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Q. All right. I want to end with a few questions here
- again about the bonuses. You termed them discretionary
- 14 | bonuses, right?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. And that means it's at your discretion as the president
- and CEO of the company, correct?
- 18 A. No. What that means is discretionary is--where
- 19 is--there's a fixed component of their compensation and then
- 20 | there is a variable component of their compensation. Any
- 21 other bonuses beyond that are discretionary, like a
- retention bonus, health and safety bonus, any kinds of
- 23 bonuses, they're all discretionary.
- Q. And it was your decision to start causing these bonuses
- 25 to be made to the executives?

Laurita - Cross

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- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And that was in 2010, right?
- 3 A. Yes. I believe that's correct.
- 4 Q. And so that was a time when you were concerned about the
- 5 Longview Power Plant, right?
- 6 A. I was concerned about Mepco. I was concerned about all
- 7 the employees, concerned about Longview, concerned about the
- 8 industry.
- 9 Q. Okay. You had a lot of concerns and they were partially
- 10 | financial, right, financial concerns, would you agree?
- 11 A. Some financial concerns, yes. More so about the
- 12 livelihood of all the employees.
- 13 Q. Okay. If you had a lot of concern about finances and
- 14 | you had a concern about the other employees then why did you
- decide at that time that's a good time to start giving these
- 16 | bonuses to your executives?
- 17 A. The CEO of Longview and the CEO of GenPower and my boss
- 18 | had called a meeting just a few days or a week before that
- 19 and asked that me and my executive team get more involved.
- 20 That's--that's--that's what started it.
- 21 Q. Get more involved in politics?
- 22 A. Absolutely, get more involved in politics and--
- 23 Q. So then the bonus was for politics?
- 24 MR. CARR: Objection, Your Honor. Ask the witness
- 25 be allowed to finish his answer.

Laurita - Cross 1 THE COURT: Sustained. Let him finish his answer 2 before--3 MR. DOUGLAS: Yes, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: --you follow up. Thank you. 5 BY MR. DOUGLAS: 6 A. To be more involved with campaigns and getting involved 7 with, you know, the employees. We started a program where 8 we started posting at the mines the recommendations of the 9 Coal Associations. It was an across the company effort to 10 try to educate the employees with the Coal Associations, 11 their recommendations, so the Human Resource Department got 12 involved with that and so--even with our executive team, 13 they did as well. 14 Q. So then the bonuses are directly related to getting 15 involved with campaign donations, right? 16 A. The bonuses were given so that they would be able to 17 afford to start contributing to the campaigns. 18 MR. DOUGLAS: Thank you. Nothing further, Your 19 Honor. 20 THE COURT: All right. Is there any redirect? 21 MR. CARR: Your Honor, may I have a moment please? 22 THE COURT: Yes. 23 (Pause) 24 MR. CARR: Your Honor, I apologize. I just had a 25 pen explode.

## Laurita - Redirect

- 1 THE COURT: That can be a devastating experience.
- 2 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 3 BY MR. CARR:
- 4 Q. Jim, you were asked on cross-examination about attempts
- 5 to hide or mislabel the second bonus. Is that true?
- 6 A. No. Never hid it, mislabeled, anything like that.
- 7 Q. Did you ever or did you ever direct anyone else to deny
- 8 or mischaracterize the second bonus?
- 9 A. No. Never. Not once.
- 10 Q. I believe in this trial we have actually seen a
- 11 spreadsheet that was sent to you that had the different
- 12 | columns for the executives and one of them said, in effect,
- campaign contributions. Do you recall that?
- 14 A. Yes I do.
- 15 Q. That was sent to you, was it not?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And who prepared it?
- 18 A. Karen Hughes.
- 19 Q. And that was clearly labeled?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. Was there any attempt within the company, whether to
- 22 misrepresent to anyone, Ernst & Young, auditors, the
- campaigns, anyone, what was happening with the second bonus?
- A. No. It never was. Never. No one thought we were doing
- 25 anything wrong.

Laurita - Redirect

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1 Q. You mentioned the one for one?

- 2 A. Yes, sir.
- 3 Q. You think that would be wrong?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Did you ever collect checks from the miners for
- 6 campaigns?
- 7 A. The individual coal miners?
- 8 O. Yes.
- 9 A. No. No. I never asked them to do.
- 10 Q. Did you consider that to be proper?
- 11 A. The executive team are a privileged group. They get
- 12 privilege pay and to go down to the coal miner level and try
- 13 to ask them for checks, I just--I would've--I would have
- 14 been very uncomfortable with that. I would've thought that
- 15 improper.
- 16 Q. Did you ever tell the miners who to vote for?
- 17 A. No. No. We made--we posted at the mines the
- 18 recommendation of the Coal Associations. One time Dana
- 19 Mining endorsed a candidate and the executive team and we
- 20 met in a meeting and we discussed it and we said, you know,
- 21 | we probably shouldn't do that any more. We--probably the
- company should not endorse and so we just strictly stuck
- with posting at the mines the recommendations of the
- 24 Pennsylvania Coal Association and West Virginia Coal
- 25 Association for the miners, you know, to--to use as a guide

# Laurita - Redirect

- 1 to vote if they so choosed.
- 2 Q. You were asked on cross-examination about the event
- 3 where you like to set at the head table with Governor
- 4 Manchin, do you recall that?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Do you recall that event?
- 7 A. Yes I do.
- 8 Q. Was there someone else there you wanted to see?
- 9 A. Yes, more so than Governor Manchin or he might have been
- 10 | Senator at that time, I'm not sure. It was Paul Evanson.
- He was the CEO of Allegheny Energy, was our largest customer
- 12 and had been our largest customer for many years. It would
- have been a privilege--I had only met him once in my life
- 14 | even though my dad had sold coal to them before me, I had
- only met him once so it would have been a privilege to sit
- 16 at the table with him.
- 17 Q. In effect did Mepco get most of its money from Allegheny
- 18 Power?
- 19 A. During the time when Longview was under construction
- 20 virtually all the money and for many years virtually all the
- 21 money came from First Energy and Allegheny Power. It was
- 22 one in the same. First Energy bought out Allegheny Power.
- 23 Q. Did you enjoy being part of the campaigns, participating
- in the campaigns?
- 25 A. No. Not at all.

457 Laurita - Redirect 1 Did you think it was necessary? 2 Yes, I felt it was necessary. 3 At any time from 2010 to 2013 did you ever believe for a 4 second that there was anything wrong with what you did? 5 No I did not. Α. 6 If you did, would you admit it? 7 A. Yes I would. 8 MR. CARR: One more moment, Your Honor. 9 (Pause) 10 MR. CARR: Nothing further, Your Honor. THE COURT: All right. Is there any further 11 12 cross-examination? 13 MR. DOUGLAS: No, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Laurita, you may step 15 down and return to your seat. 16 (Witness excused from stand) 17 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Carr, you may call your 18 next witness. 19 MR. CARR: Your Honor, at this time the defense 20 rests.

THE COURT: Ladies and Gentlemen, it's necessary

for me to take up matters outside your hearing at this time

jury room. Please don't discuss the case among yourselves.

so if you would please follow Court Security back to your

I don't think this recess will be very long, but please,

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1 during that time don't discuss the case. Please leave your 2. notebooks face down on your chairs. 3 (Jury out 11:30 a.m.) 4 THE COURT: Does the Government intend to put on a 5 rebuttal case? 6 MR. DOUGLAS: No, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Is there a motion? 8 MR. CARR: Yes, Your Honor. We would renew our 9 Rule 29 motion. 10 THE COURT: All right. The defendant has renewed 11 it's Rule 29 motion at the close of all the evidence. I 12 assume the Government's argument is the same? 13 MR. DOUGLAS: Yes, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: And for the reasons stated, when viewed 15 in the light most favorable to the Government, as the Court 16 must view it, the Court denies the motion. The case will 17 carry to the jury. 18 All right. Now this is what I feared yesterday 19 afternoon that we'd have the jury in here for just a couple 20 of hours this morning and then have to let them go. I don't 2.1 know whether you're ready to conduct a charge conference and 22 argue the case this afternoon. 23 MR. CARR: Your Honor, I would--24 THE COURT: I'm not going to force you to do it 25 because I promised you could have until tomorrow but that

was--I was assuming we were going to be here into the afternoon.

MR. CARR: Your Honor, I would state as counsel and I had discussed the matter, at least—I didn't press the Government but as to the expected length of Mr. Laurita's testimony I know that—I would say that my representation was made in good faith yesterday. There was a change in decision about how the direct examination, the scope of it would be conducted and I do apologize to the Court for that but that was—that was not known to me yesterday. That decision had not been made so I do apologize to the Court.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. CARR: I would very much appreciate, and I don't know the Government's position—I also understand the time of both the jury and the Court but do not believe that the client would be well served by doing the arguments this afternoon.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. DOUGLAS: The Government agrees, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Then what I intend to do is bring the jury back in and excuse them for the day and bring them back in tomorrow morning when we will begin the—with the charge and then as I said a break and then move into the closing arguments and proceed through the entirety of the close before we take another recess. All

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MR. DOUGLAS: Yes, Your Honor.

3 MR. CARR: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Bring the jury in. We'll do the charge conference after the noon recess so you have time to look over the charge.

(Jury in 11:32 a.m.)

THE COURT: Ladies and Gentlemen, the evidence in the case has concluded and both counsel and I are surprised at how quickly it moved this morning so I must tell you that we're not prepared to charge you or to--for you to hear the arguments until tomorrow morning so this means it's a very short day today and I'm going to be adjourning the trial until nine o'clock tomorrow morning at which time I will give you a copy of the charge and read the charge to you with all the instructions you need to decide the case, following which you will hear the closing arguments of the parties and you'll have the case to deliberate. Until that time, as you leave today, I must instruct you once again that you are not to discuss the case among yourselves or with anyone with whom you may have contact. Should a third party attempt to discuss the case with you, you have to walk away from them and advise you've been instructed not to do so and if they persist, please let me know through Court Security -- a Court Security Officer or Debbie at the earliest

opportunity.

Please do not review any media coverage of the case, that would be television, radio, or in the newspaper.

Don't attempt any independent research, either by search engines on your phone or on your tablet or at the library.

We thank you for your attention. I apologize for the brevity of today's session. I know it's an imposition on your personal time, on you work time. It's--trials develop and I think all of us gave you our best estimates on everything so I apologize that our estimate yesterday was off, but it was all based on the best knowledge we had at the time.

So with that apology, please be careful driving home and thank you for your patience and attention and your dedication to the oath you've taken as jurors here and we'll see you tomorrow morning ready to start at nine o'clock.

All right. Leave your notebooks face down on your chairs.

(Jury out 11:35 a.m.)

THE COURT: All right. My suggestion would be that we recess for lunch, give you a copy of the verdict form and special interrogatories and would you be prepared—I have a 12:15 hearing. I don't know how long it will last. I think it's probably going to be close to a half an hour in another matter. Therefore, I would say let's resume at one o'clock if that's okay with all of you.

1 MR. DOUGLAS: Yes, Your Honor. 2 MR. CARR: It is, Your Honor, and I would state 3 that I've spoken to the Government. Mr. Hissam actually 4 will be speaking regarding the charge for the defense but I 5 understand the Government does not wish for the 6 consciousness of guilt instruction to be given and I don't 7 believe that either side has any issues at the moment with 8 the charge and so we would otherwise expect that not to be 9 prolonged. 10 MR. DOUGLAS: That is correct, Your Honor, and 11 Mr. Bernard will be speaking for the Government on the 12 charge. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Well we have to have a charge 14 conference even if it's very brief but that's fine with me. 15 I appreciate your letting me know. 16 MR. CARR: Yes, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Okay. You might have to wait a couple 18 minutes to make sure. Actually it's coming out to you with 19 the very careful eye of Mr. McDaniel. I haven't looked at 20 it but I did look at it previously so I think this final 2.1 version is pretty close to what we had talked about. Yeah. And I think you'll recognize it. 22 23 MR. CARR: Your Honor, I only mention that for the 24 Court's schedule as far as the anticipated disagreements.

THE COURT: Pardon?

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                MR. CARR: Your Honor, I only mention that for
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       the--
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                THE COURT: Oh, I understand. Well I only
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       scheduled one case today and it was at 12:15 so it's -- oh,
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       two. Sorry we have two. Oh, 12:30. Well I--I'll still be
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      ready by one o'clock.
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                MR. CARR: Yes, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: Okay. No problem. Court stands in
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      recess until one o'clock.
                 (Recess from 11:40 a.m., until 1:05 p.m.)
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                THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. All
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              This is the charge conference in the case of United
13
       States of America versus James L. Laurita, Jr. and I had
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       asked Mr. McDaniel to please provide you with draft number
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      two and also the verdict form.
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           I think the only change we made in draft number two
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       other than pagination was to take out the consciousness of
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       quilt instruction so I'm happy to hear from the Government
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       if you're ready.
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                MR. BERNARD: Yes, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Bernard.
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                MR. BERNARD:
                              Thank you, Your Honor. I don't know
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       if the Court want's to proceed page by page--
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                THE COURT: Well sometimes it's the best way.
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      We've got the pages numbered, we've got the lines numbered
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1 and we can move right through it. 2. MR. BERNARD: Sure. No objection to page one, Your 3 Honor. 4 THE COURT: Okay. If you want to just take me to 5 where you have your first objection. 6 MR. BERNARD: The first page would be page ten. 7 It's not necessarily an objection. 8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 MR. BERNARD: It is the title, and hopefully the 10 copy I have is the correct draft, but I think it's draft 11 three, even though it says draft two, where it says other 12 crimes, wrongs or acts. I think it would be more 13 appropriate just to put other acts of the defendant. 14 THE COURT: Okav. 15 MR. BERNARD: I don't think there is evidence of 16 crimes or necessarily wrongs. 17 THE COURT: I'm sure there's no objection from the 18 defendant? 19 MR. HISSAM: That's right, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. The Court will 2.1 make the -- other acts so we'll redact crimes, wrongs or. 22 Thank you. 23 MR. BERNARD: You're welcome, Your Honor. Then the 24 next comment would be page twenty-eight so I don't know if 25 the defense has anything before that or not.

1 THE COURT: Well I'll take theirs separately. 2 MR. BERNARD: All right. So--3 THE COURT: I think that makes for a cleaner records sometimes. 4 5 MR. BERNARD: That's fine, Your Honor. The--and I 6 know the Government submitted the instructions on each of 7 these and so if there's any fault, it would be with the Government but--8 9 THE COURT: No, we did--we did make some 10 modifications -- if it's about willfully, we did make some 11 modifications. 12 MR. BERNARD: Okay. And i think the further 13 modification because willfully appears I believe four times 14 in the instructions. Two times it's differently--it's 15 different and two other times it's--there's probably two 16 versions of willfully. 17 THE COURT: Well we don't want that, that's for 18 sure. Sorry about that. 19 MR. BERNARD: I think it would be more 20 appropriate -- it's a more appropriate statement of the law if 2.1 you look at page thirty-two, Your Honor, numbers eighteen 22 through twenty-two and it carries over to page thirty-three, 23 lines one through five. I think they're basically saying 24 the same thing but that's probably a more appropriate 25 definition of willfully so I would--I would respectfully

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request we strike on page twenty-eight lines three through ten--or twelve and replace them will the--the willful language.

THE COURT: Okay. What in particular is different rather than strike the whole thing. I have a suspicion a lot of this is still the same.

MR. BERNARD: Let's see. You could probably—the sentence on line six at page twenty—eight it says to establish that the defendant acted willfully, the Government does not have to prove that he was aware of the statutory requirements and prohibitions of the Federal Election

Campaign Act or that he purposely violated the Act and if you go over to page thirty—two, it is very similar but that added language—

THE COURT: It's more generic.

MR. BERNARD: Yes. I think more generic is the more appropriate way and the more proper standard under the law. I think that additional language in there, they're going to wonder, wait a minute, why are there different—why is there an addition here versus at a later definition so the more generic I think is—is more appropriate.

THE COURT: This is as to Count One, right?

MR. BERNARD: Yes. Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. On page twenty-eight?

MR. BERNARD: Yes.

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THE COURT: What if we were to add, to establish that the defendant acted willfully as to Count One or put as to Count One, to establish that the defendant acted willfully and then made that specific as to each of the counts because willfully is an element of every count, correct?

MR. BERNARD: It is. I think it's the--all I'm saying is that additional language that goes specific there--

THE COURT: Uh-huh (yes).

MR. BERNARD: I think later on when they see willfully in a more generic sense, it's like, well wait a minute, you know, why is it—why is it generic here—I think if it's generic as to Count One, it says the same thing. If we simply go with the sentence on page thirty—two, to establish that the defendant, and this is at line twenty—one, to establish that the defendant acted willfully the Government does not have to prove that he was aware of the specific provisions of the law that is charged with violating and that's all you need. We can take out that other sentence and just replace it with—with that more generic one and again that way the definition would be consistent and there's one other place where it gets specific and as I was looking at these I said that's going to create—at least in my mind it creates a little bit of an

1 issue and a conflict. 2. THE COURT: Okay. Let me hear from the defendant 3 as to that one before we move on. 4 MR. BERNARD: Sure. 5 THE COURT: Thank you. MR. HISSAM: Sure, Your Honor. We believe the 6 7 instruction on page twenty-eight, if was modified as the 8 Court suggested by saying as to Count One would be clear and 9 the meaning would be the same between page twenty-eight and 10 page thirty-two so we believe the Court's suggested 11 modification would address the Government's concern. 12 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. I'm trying to 13 find it as to--I don't see it is to Count Two and I don't 14 see it as to Count Three or Count Four. Is it Six, Seven 15 and Eight? Is that where we come up next? 16 MR. BERNARD: It would actually be to Count Three, 17 Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: Oh, really. Okay. What page? 19 MR. BERNARD: Page thirty-two. Begins at 20 thirty-two, goes over to thirty-three. 2.1 THE COURT: Oh, I thought you were okay with that. 22 MR. BERNARD: I'm sorry, did you say too specific, 23 Your Honor? I'm sorry. I--24 THE COURT: I was looking for the other one that 25 you thought was too specific.

MR. BERNARD: I will find that. That is actually 1 on page--bear with me, Your Honor. 2 3 THE COURT: Forty-one? Forty-one, where it says to 4 establish that the defendant acted willfully, the Government does not have to prove that he was aware--5 6 MR. BERNARD: Yes. 7 THE COURT: It's the same language as to Count One, 8 right? 9 MR. BERNARD: Right. Those two are the same but 10 then the other two counts are a little bit different. I 11 just--I think it's a correct statement of the law, the more 12 generic statement and I think one or the other has to be 13 consistent. I think it's more consistent then to stay 14 generic rather than to go specific as to different counts 15 but it's the same standard. 16 THE COURT: As to One, Six, Seven and Eight, we are 17 talking about the Federal Election Campaign Act, right? And 18 in fact in the elements we do mention the Federal Election 19 Commission. 20 MR. BERNARD: Technically I think we're talking 2.1 about 1001, Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: Yeah. Okay. But what we're saying, if 23 you look at page forty, to establish the first element the

Government must prove beyond a reasonable doubt that a false

statement was made in a matter within the jurisdiction of

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the Federal Election Commission and then we're saying that the false statement was material to the Federal Election Commission and then we're saying, as to willfully, to establish that the defendant acted willfully the Government does not have to prove that he was aware of the statutory requirements and prohibition of the Federal Election Campaign Act or that he purposely violated the Act. Is there any other way in which the Government would be connecting or proving up the issue of willfulness that you think would mislead the jury by mentioning—by mention of the Act?

MR. BERNARD: I don't--you know, Your Honor, when I was looking at it, thinking as a juror who is looking at the instructions and looks at the definition of willfully, the only question I had is that going to raise a question in the juror's mind, a question that doesn't need to be raised because a more generic definition of willfully is sufficient, sufficient under the law and there's no reason to add that in those two--to add that to the term willfully in those two counts and then later on with other actions where at the same standards it's willfully, I think it raises a question and it risks confusion. That's all I'm saying. I don't know that it's inappropriate to put it there but the problem is it's the same standard necessarily for all four counts, maybe not the same specific elements so

1 I think it's--I think it's appropriate to be consistent 2. throughout the instructions with a definition. That's all. 3 THE COURT: All right. Okay. I understand what 4 you're saying and let me give it consideration. 5 MR. BERNARD: Okay. THE COURT: I think that we're--I think we can do 6 7 that. I have had a problem with this instruction from the 8 beginning and we did work with it, only for the reason that 9 I could see the jury coming back with questions and the more 10 generic the worse in a way. 11 MR. BERNARD: Sometimes in a way, Your Honor, but I 12 think it's--definitely if it's inconsistent I think there's 13 a chance it will raise a question. THE COURT: I'm not sure it's inconsistent. 14 15 question I guess is as to Count Two and Three and Four, do 16 they specifically involve the Federal Election Commission or 17 does it involve the Federal Election Campaign Act? And if 18 they do maybe I should just add it to all four, but I don't 19 think that's what you charged him under in Counts Two, Three 20 and Four. 2.1 MR. BERNARD: Two, Three and Four are under the 22 Campaign Act. 23 THE COURT: Oh, they are? 24 MR. BERNARD: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Well what if we just added it to

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1 everything? 2. MR. BERNARD: We can do that, Your Honor. As long 3 as it's consistent, I think that would be fine. 4 THE COURT: Okay. 5 MR. HISSAM: We believe that would be appropriate, 6 Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Okay. 8 MR. BERNARD: Thank you. Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: All right. What's your next one? 10 I'll have to shift around because I MR. BERNARD: 11 think I had some of my flags with regard to that willful but 12 I think the next--13 THE COURT: Beyond willfully, because I know you 14 have four--that would be two objections or four objections, 15 depending on--16 MR. BERNARD: But I won't revisit those because I 17 think we've addressed that. The next page would be page 18 thirty-seven and it is--this is maybe an addition to make so 19 I think it would be most appropriate to add something 20 between lines ten and eleven to explain that there's no 2.1 Count Five because we go from Four to Six, explain there's 22 no Count Five and that the jury does not have to concern 23 themselves with a Count Five. 24 THE COURT: Okay. So for purposes of continuity 25 there's no Count Five for the jury to consider.

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MR. BERNARD: Correct, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: Any objection?
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                MR. HISSAM: No, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: Thank you.
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                MR. BERNARD: I believe--give me one moment, Your
 6
      Honor, that might be--
 7
                THE COURT: Certainly.
               MR. BERNARD: That's it, Your Honor. Thank you.
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                THE COURT: Okay. Before I hear from the
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      defendant, you know this so much better than I do, I know
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       Counts Six, Seven and Eight all reference quarterly reports
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       filed with the FEC, correct?
                MR. HISSAM: Yes, Your Honor.
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                MR. BERNARD: Yes, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: Okay. And I don't think that there's
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       any reference that -- with that specificity in Counts Two,
17
       Three or Four. Am I correct? Those really--with dates,
18
       amounts and calendar years?
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               MR. DOUGLAS: That's correct, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: Okay. And Count--Count One covers the
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       gamut?
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               MR. BERNARD: The scheme, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: All right. I'm just thinking out loud.
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       I'll make a decision and let you all know. What about the
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      defendant?
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1 MR. HISSAM: Your Honor, if I may remain here? 2 THE COURT: Yes. 3 MR. HISSAM: We only have one, Your Honor. On page 4 one, line twenty-four we believe it would be confusing to 5 refer to a seven count indictment given that the verdict 6 form and the instructions refer to eight counts so we 7 believe that could just be changed to read--starting--8 THE COURT: To the indictment? 9 MR. HISSAM: To each count of the indictment 10 perhaps. 11 THE COURT: Uh-huh (yes). No problem. Does the 12 Government object? 13 MR. BERNARD: No objection, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Okay. 15 MR. HISSAM: No remaining objections from the 16 defendant, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. All right. 18 What about the verdict form and special interrogatories? 19 MR. BERNARD: Your Honor, the United States has no 20 objections or additions to that. Thank you. 2.1 MR. HISSAM: Your Honor, the defendant has no 22 objections or additions either. 23 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. I will just 24 tell you adding unanimously and adding guilty beyond a 25 reasonable doubt, I'm just literally trying to account for

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issues that under new Supreme Court law anybody ever says we need to look behind the verdict, somebody didn't understand so I know you don't typically see it this way but I'm literally trying to just account for some of that.

MR. BERNARD: No objection, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. If there's nothing else then I think that concludes the instructions—the charge. I know the generic version works and if the defendant doesn't have any problem with it, I'm fine with it. I think it was the idea that I didn't have any theory of the case instructions from either side and I just thought well maybe we could be a little more specific.

MR. HISSAM: Yes, Your Honor. I was just going to add that we did not intend to submit one.

THE COURT: Right. I figured at this point you didn't. So if—that was the only reason. I don't have a problem with going back to the generic if the defendant doesn't object, just using the generic throughout the whole thing. You're going to argue the Act throughout. I feel certain about that.

Okay. Thank you. If my Law Clerk changes my mind I'll let you know. So the Court stands adjourned until nine a.m. tomorrow morning. Obviously I'll be here before that if you need to raise anything. One hour per side still as you've been thinking about it and a fair beginning and all of that.

We'll have Richard here tomorrow to offer technological help if you're using PowerPoint or any instruction--well actually your exhibits, you know how to do that but if there's anything beyond that that you need assistance, Richard will be here beforehand to help you set up. MR. CARR: Yes, Your Honor, and in speaking to the Government, I believe I can speak for them, that we both very much apologize for the change in the estimate that occurred last night as far as testimony is concerned. THE COURT: No problem. As I used to say to juries about malpractice, it's an art, not a science; the same thing with regard to trials. Okay. MR. CARR: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: Court stands adjourned. Thank you. (Trial was adjourned at 1:25 p.m.) 

CERTIFICATE 1 2 I, Linda L. Bachman, Official Reporter of the United 3 States District Court for the Northern District of West Virginia, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and 4 5 correct transcript of the proceedings had in the above styled action on January 31, 2018, as reported by me by 6 7 stenomask. 8 I certify that the transcript fees and format comply 9 with those prescribed by the Court and the Judicial Conference of the United States. 10 11 Given under my hand this 14th day of March, 2018. 12 13 <u>/s/ Linda L. Bachman</u> Linda L. Bachman, CCR, CVR-M 14 Official Reporter, United States District Court for the Northern 15 District of West Virginia 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

